

Mason's
O.K.
the cold meat Sauce

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Natural.
as near to
Nature as is desirable are Sir
William Crookes' lenses.
Something to offset the harmful
glare is necessary but you don't
have to have the whole landscape
darkened like a rainy day to do that.
Wear Crookes and know what
real eye-comfort means.
Sazarus
OPTICIAN

No. 25528

號捌拾伍伍伍伍式第

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1940.

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AMERICA COMPARES JAPAN'S THREATS WITH MUSSOLINI'S ACTION: PACIFIC FLEET A MYSTERY

PHILADELPHIA, June 27 (Reuter).—It is difficult to say whether Washington regards the European or Far Eastern situation with more anxiety, but both are being regarded as most serious by the Department of State and White House, although little information is available on either, according to well-informed quarters in the United States.

In unofficial circles, Japan's actions and threats of further action are being compared with Mussolini's action when he felt it safe to act.

RAIDS NOW TAKEN AS A MATTER OF COURSE

CHINESE MORALE UNAFFECTED

Special to H. K. Daily Press

CHUNGKING, June 27 (Havas).—For the second time in 24 hours Japanese planes raided the western suburbs of Chungking this morning, lighting several large fires along the banks of the Chialing River.

The raiders, which appear in batches, did not bomb Chungking proper, did not bomb Chungking proper.

A number of heavy missiles fell dangerously near Chialing House, the only hotel for foreigners since the destruction of Chungking Hotel.

HOUSES DESTROYED

Several private houses on the Chienku Road were destroyed, as well as a considerable number of straw huts.

Although the casualty figures were relatively low, the recent days' bombing have made several thousand persons homeless, mainly among the poverty stricken class.

From a military point of view the result of the raids appears to be nil as it is also from the psychological standpoint, as the bombings do not affect the morale of the people who now take the daily raid as a matter of course.

What action, if any, the United States would take if Japan should upset the status quo in the Pacific, cannot even be guessed.

The disposition of the Pacific Fleet of the United States is as much a mystery here as in Honolulu, although some units may come towards the Panama Canal, but the general belief is that the majority of the vessels will remain in Hawaiian waters or at points east.

Political observers point out that it is the widespread belief that it was because of the possibility of just such a situation as has arisen that the Fleet has been kept in mid-Pacific so long.

MANY INTERESTS

The interests of Americans are many, including the possibility of a considerable loss of trade with China, the maintenance of independence, the maintenance of the supplies of rubber, tin and tungsten from the Far East, as well as the United States general condemnation of aggression and refusal to recognise territorial changes brought about by force.

Some political observers believe that, unless the Government is going completely isolationist—of which there is no sign—some action by the American seems unavoidable if threats, such as implicit as Gen. Hata's statement, are carried into effect.

Complete divorcement of the Republican Convention from the realities can hardly be better demonstrated than the Republican Platform which turns not even a blind eye towards the situation which seriously threatens American interests and the United States defence programme for which rubber is an essential.

JAPANESE INTENTION

TOKYO, June 27 (Reuter).—A despatch received by the Domei Agency from southern China states that the Japanese force has no intention of invading French Indo-China but only mean to take action to cut off the supply of war materials from Indo-China to the armies of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

India's War Effort

UNIFIED SUPPLY CONTROL

SIMLA, June 27 (Reuter).—Further impetus to India's war production effort is expected to be achieved by the decision of the Government of India to place the whole of India's supply organisation under unified direction and control.

This decision follows the enormous pressure of demands from all sources upon the country's productive capacity.

The control of the supply organisation will be carried out by way of a Supply Board whose president will be Sir Mohammed Zafullah Khan.

PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

Special to H. K. Daily Press

HAVANA, June 27 (Havas).—The next Pan-American Conference will definitely open here on July 17, the State Department announced.

35,000-Ton Enemy Ship Sunk By Submarine

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—British raiders on the enemy coast line were admitted to a German High Command communiqué which states that reconnaissance attacks by weak enemy sea forces on the northern French coast, during the night of June 24, were easily repelled.

A SUBMARINE REPORTS THE SINKING OF A 35,000-TON ENEMY SHIP

During Wednesday night German planes again attacked docks and quays and bombed aeroplane factories in England. One of our planes failed to return.

British planes continued their bombing attacks on western Germany last night without causing damage to military objectives. Many civilians were killed or wounded.

Two of the British planes were shot down by anti-aircraft fire and another by a fighter.

PURE NONSENSE

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—The Germans admitted of the British landing at Channel ports yesterday but magnified the exploit as a landing of a British expeditionary force, which is pure nonsense, as only small numbers were landed to seek information which they procured without the loss of a single man.

T. V. Soong In New York

Special to H. K. Daily Press

NEW YORK, June 27 (Havas).—Mr. T. V. Soong, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank of China, arrived by plane from San Francisco on what he described as semi-official business.

Mr. Soong, who travelled incognito, was greeted at the airport by Dr. Tsun Chi-yu, Chinese Consul-General, Mr. Joseph Ku, Chancellor of the Consulate, and Mr. Robert Raymond, General Manager of the New York Branch of the Bank of China.

TURKEY JUST "WATCHFUL"

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—According to a statement by the Ankara radio, Dr. Baydam, the Prime Minister of Turkey, declared that Turkey, while continuing to perfect her military preparations, is to maintain her present attitude of non-belligerency.

"We hope by a position of watchfulness and by avoiding any provocation that we shall preserve peace for our own country and for those around us," he concluded.

— On Other — Pages

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WEYGAND GIVEN RAW DEAL: SUGGESTED EVACUATION OF YOUNG FRENCHMEN TO COLONIAL POSSESSIONS

LONDON, JUNE 27 (REUTER).—A FRENCH MILITARY OFFICIAL, WHO ARRIVED IN ENGLAND FROM BORDEAUX JUST BEFORE THE ARMISTICE, said that M. Paul Reynaud and his government wanted to continue the fight and intended to remove the Government to Africa to carry on the war, if necessary.

When Marshal Petain was asked to join the Government, his great reputation was a great stimulus to the French people, but many members of Reynaud's Cabinet were already thinking of capitulating.

Regarding Gen. Weygand, he said that the great French General was a broken man and that he had been given a raw deal.

He suggested to M. Reynaud that young Frenchmen should be evacuated from Bordeaux to French colonial possessions in order to resume the battle and that ships should be commandeered for this purpose, but the Petain Government was too busy to think of nothing but the armistice negotiations.

"Last Bastion Of Europe"

NEW YORK, June 27 (Reuter).—Describing Britain as the "last bastion of Europe," the New York Herald-Tribune declares that, as long as the British people see any ultimate hope before them, and they can pin such hope on increasing material aid from America's permitting them to maintain the blockade, and more and more nearly to match Hitler's air force, the British islands can yet become the base from which the vast Hitler power may ultimately be destroyed in its own contradictions.

DE GAULLE IN COMMUNICATION WITH EMPIRE COMMANDERS

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—General de Gaulle during the past few days has been in communication with commanders-in-chief in the French colonial empire with a view to ascertaining the attitude that they would adopt in the face of the armistice terms.

It is understood that very definite information has been received from Indo-China that Gen. Catroux, Commander of the French forces there, will not allow French territory to be invaded.

It is stated that the French forces there are in very high spirits and are ready to keep on fighting, if necessary, until final victory is reached.

Information received in London enables the French National Committee to believe that Gen. Nogues, Commander-in-Chief in North Africa, shares the point of view of Gen. de Gaulle and his colleagues in London.

It is believed that Gen. Nogues is taking all necessary steps for organising resistance should North Africa be assailed.

During today many names of Frenchmen were registered in this country who are willing to serve with the French volunteer legion being organised by Gen. de Gaulle.

GENERAL NOGUES STANDS FIRM

Special to H. K. Daily Press

LONDON, June 27 (Havas).—General Nogues, Resident-General of Morocco, formally announced that he will not give an inch of French African soil without fighting.

The radio in Tunis broadcast the declaration adding that Italian forces have failed to advance into French territory in Africa.

FRENCH GOVT. MOVING

Special to H. K. Daily Press

LONDON, June 27 (Havas).—Authoritative British circles report that the French Government will shortly move from Bordeaux to Clermont Ferrand.

DEMAND FOR RETURN OF BESSARABIA TO RUSSIA

ITALIAN REPORT UNCONFIRMED

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—According to a report from Bucharest published by the Italian News Agency, the Soviet Government has demanded the restoration of Bessarabia and the northern section of Bukovina to the Soviet Union.

The report, which is not confirmed from neutral sources, declares that M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister, summoned the Rumanian Minister at Moscow yesterday and communicated these demands to the Rumanian Government, and, according to this report, was given until the evening to formulate a reply.

Soviet aeroplanes have been flying over Rumanian territory and there is alleged to be considerable agitation in Rumanian political circles.

Welsh Town Has First Air Raid

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—A Welsh town had its first air raid early this morning. Five bombs are believed to have been dropped. There were no casualties and the only material damage was to one house.

TWO SHOT DOWN

It is officially stated that two German aircraft were shot down and one damaged in last night's raids.

The first bomber destroyed was a Heinkel shot down off the south-east coast shortly after midnight, by a Hurricane.

The second was a Junker 88 which was attacked by a Spitfire over the east coast and the pilot saw the machine explode in mid-air, his bullets having struck a bomb in its rack.

DEAD ASTRON

A Flight-Lieut. in a Blenheim spotted a Heinkel off the south coast well held by searchlights. He opened fire from dead astern and saw tracer bullets hitting the enemy bomber.

The Heinkel rear gunner fired back but suddenly stopped when the Blenheim's bullets struck him. As the Heinkel turned away, the Blenheim's rear gunner got in four heavy, short bursts.

British pilots praised the work of searchlights which, they stated, never left the target and never illuminated the British aircraft.

INCENDIARY BOMBS

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—Further reports of last night's air raid on Britain indicate that high explosive and incendiary bombs were dropped on the south-east coast area.

"We Are Certainly Up Against It, But So Are The Germans": Real War Which Britain Faces Against Hitler Begins

\$652 Robbery On Peak

Jewellery and personal articles valued in all at \$652 was stolen from No. 501 The Peak, the residence of Mr. Fowles, between 8.30 p.m. on Wednesday and 8 a.m. yesterday.

The police are seeking the cock-boy of the house, Ah Lun, who is stated to have disappeared at 7.30 p.m. on Wednesday.

Amongst the articles stolen is a lady's gold wrist watch with the inscription, "Paddy," and the date, 21/8/32, on the back.

RUBBER AND TIN FOR U.S. DEFENCE STOCKS

WASHINGTON, June 27 (Reuter).—The United States Reconstruction Finance Corporation, which was yesterday given new lending powers for defence purposes, has begun negotiations for the purchase of large quantities of rubber and tin for American defence stocks.

The Corporation is dealing directly with representatives of the International Tin and Rubber Committees.

"WE ARE CERTAINLY UP AGAINST IT, BUT SO ARE THE GERMANS," said Mr. F. A. Boyd, well-known London political observer, in the course of a broadcast interview with Mr. Anthony Weymouth, in the B.B.C. Studio yesterday which was broadcast in the Overseas Service from Daventry.

Mr. Boyd said that Germany was no doubt feeling "pretty elated" over her recent military successes but it was not that sort of elation that one would expect.

On the whole the Germans had been prophetic about this war and the people told by their wireless and their newspapers that the war would soon be over. They were told by Hitler that the Germans would be in Paris on June 15 and they were there a day ahead of schedule.

But this was by no means the end of the struggle. The elation of the German people will be dampened when they find out that the war had only just begun.

The average German did not want peace at any price. Nevertheless, the longing for peace is widespread in Germany, and the victories are not welcomed because they are victories but because the Germans are taught to believe that they bring peace nearer.

Germany was feeling the war much more than the British people were. As a matter of fact although she complains about the British

blockade, she brought the blockade on herself when Hitler became dictator.

NAZI CASUALTIES
Questioned as to the casualties suffered by the Germans, Mr. Boyd said they were not as heavy as during the last war, nevertheless the German losses must total about a million or more.

Mr. Boyd went on to comment on the effect of the raids carried out by the R.A.F. night after night over Germany.

It is very doubtful that the people in Berlin know how badly Hamburg had been bombed.

The number of casualties in these raids was kept secret and those who were wounded were distributed throughout the country to prevent the people from learning the truth.

COLLAPSE OF FRANCE

Answering a question as to the effect of the collapse of France, Continued on Back Page.

"WE ARE LIVING IN A YEAR OF SALVATION"

Service Of Intercession At St. John's Cathedral

"IN SPITE OF THE DESTRUCTIVE STATE OF THE WORLD, we are living in a year of our Lord, in other words, a year of salvation," said the Rt. Rev. R. O. Hall when preaching at the service of intercession held at St. John's Cathedral yesterday evening.

"It is Christians, rather than pagans, who believe in progress. If we have believed in progress, we are surprised at the great outburst of evil."

"Nevertheless, it is in the hour of adversity that the Christian finds the fullest knowledge of God. Hence, whatever happens, the Christian knows that evil is already conquered. Providence and care of God—what is eternal must triumph."

The service was conducted by Rev. K. MacKenzie Dow, Minister of the Hongkong Union Church. In his introductory remarks, before prayers, Mr. Dow said, "Real patriotism desires to say—'Thy will be done in Britain as it is in Heaven'—real patriotism desires for one's country all that Christ would desire for it. It is in this attitude of mind and spirit that I ask you to approach these prayers of intercession."

PRAYING AS WE ARE

Continuing Mr. Dow stated, "In Germany our present enemies are praying, as we are now, that God will give them the victory over us because their cause is just. Surely such prayers must cancel each other out, for if we are fighting now in order that righteousness, goodness and truth may be maintained, dare we offend the Holy Spirit of God by joining battle in our own strength, when the cause is also His?"

"Our own judgment concerning right and wrong may be fallible. It may be mistaken, but we bring it for judgment before Him who is the Judge of all the earth."

O.A.G. PRESENT

Represented at the service were the Anglican Church, the Union Church in Hongkong and Kowloon, the Methodist Church, St. Andrew's Church, and the Salvation Army.

Among those present were H.E. O.A.G. Mr. N. L. Smith, C.M.G., Hon. Commodore A. M. Peters, D.S.C., and the Hon. Mr. Stanley H. Dodwell and family.

CHINESE JADE

Interesting Talk At Y's Men's Club

Guest speaker at the Y's Men's Club's dinner held at the St. Francis Hotel last night was Mr. Chan Tai-nin, lawyer and noted jade collector and authority on the subject in South China.

Mr. Chan gave an address in Cantonese on "The relationship of Jade to Chinese civilisation," and illustrated his talk with four of his own publications.

Author of another two volumes on the "Study of Chinese Jade," Mr. Chan's collection once consisted of 3,000 pieces of jade, the oldest being 5,000 years old.

IN MUSEUM

A piece from his collection, a jade mirror, was once bought by an expert from Europe, and now the mirror rests in a British Museum.

However, with the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese war, Mr. Chan's collection suffered a big loss when Canton fell, as many precious pieces fell into Japanese hands. To amass all the specimens, Mr. Chan had to travel much over China, and beyond the Yellow River into Peking, where he got some of the finest pieces.

LOCAL ESTATES

Local estate valued at \$39,300 was left by the late Mr. Woo Pak-kwa, formerly of No. 113 Ampang Road, Kuala Lumpur, who died on December 12, 1937. Letters of administration have been granted to the widow, (Woo Chan Shl).

Two Registry Weddings

The Chinese couples were married yesterday at the Registry, Supreme Court, before Mr. J. Reynolds, Deputy Registrar. The parties were:—

Mr. Woo Tung-wen, of No. 106 Boundary Street, and Miss Lee Li-fen, of No. 3 Seymour Terrace;

Mr. Lin Nan, of the Eurasia Aviation Corporation, and Miss Chen Yum-ye, of No. 49 Kimberley Road.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The forthcoming marriage is announced of Mr. Charles Lloyd Williams, merchant, residing at the Chatham Apartments, and Miss Jocelyn Helen Mary Lees, of No. 66 Kembla Street, Wollongong, New South Wales, Australia.

H.K. JOURNALIST WEDS

Mr. C. A. Allen And Miss A. d'Assis

The wedding took place yesterday afternoon, at St. Margaret's Church, when Mr. Charles Alexander Allen, of the editorial staff of the South China Morning Post and the only son of Mr. Allen and late Mr. Allen, of Trinidad, was married to Miss Aurea Theresa d'Assis, youngest daughter of Mrs. C. J. M. Ferreira gave the bride away while Mrs. A. M. Olivier attended the bride as matron-of-honour.

The bride made a pretty picture in a white figured crepe-de-chine gown cut on a princess line with a V-neck and long tight sleeves. She wore a long veil held in place with a tangle of orange blossoms and carried a sheaf of chrysanthemums.

The matron-of-honour wore a pink lace-crepe over a flared rose pink chiffon skirt and a white fish-net around her hair. She carried a posy of tuber-roses and forget-me-nots. A dinner was held later at the Golden Dragon Restaurant.

SPORTING FIXTURES TODAY

SWIMMING.—European Y.M.C.A. "Business Girls' Hour" (5.30 p.m.—6.30 p.m.); Mixed Swimming (6.30 p.m.—8.30 p.m.).

TENNIS LEAGUE.—Mixed Doubles Division: Ladies' R.C. v. Chinese R.C., Kowloon C.C. v. University, United Services R.C. v. Kowloon C.C. A.

LAWN BOWLS.—First Division: "A" v. H.K. Football Club, Kowloon Dock R.C. v. Craighower, Kowloon C.C. v. Indian R.C., Kowloon B.G.C. v. Police R.C., Civil Service v. Craighower v. Kowloon C.C., Takook v. Hongkong C.C., Kowloon B.G.C. v. Kowloon Football Club, Kowloon Tong v. Recreation, Police R.C. v. Civil Service C.C.; Third Division: H.K. Electric R.C. v. Kowloon F.C., Prison O.C. v. Hongkong C.C., Hongkong F.C. v. Craighower, Indian R.C. v. Kowloon B.G.C.

SWIMMING.—European Y.M.C.A. v. Combined Services, swimming and Water-polo (Y.M.C.A. Pool) 9.15 p.m. Victoria Recreation Club v. Chung Shing Benevolent Society (V.R.C. pool) 9.15 p.m.

Mr. Robinson paid a high tribute to Shirley Temple, whose retirement from the screen was announced recently. Shirley, he said, was an unspoiled child, with great talents and her decision to devote more time to her studies was an excellent one. Although Shirley had two years still to complete on her contract, 20th Century Fox Company had agreed to release her, as she had been working very hard on the films.

Mr. Robinson and his wife left Hollywood early in June and they have had a most interesting itinerary. They flew across the Pacific to Bali, from thence to Bangkok, Singapore and by freighter to Hongkong. They leave by Clipper today for Manila and will continue home by air in order to enable Mr. Robinson to get back to his work in time, as his holiday only extended for two months.

Additional Cross-Track For H.K. Tramways

The Legislative Council, meeting yesterday, confirmed the approval given by the Governor-in-Council to the Hongkong Tramways Ltd. to construct one additional cross-over track in King's Road to connect the east-bound and west-bound tramway track between Quarry Bay Inland Lot No. 4 and Quarry Bay Marine Lot No. 4.

The resolution was moved by the Director of Public Works, the Hon. Mr. H. V. Pearce, who said that there was no objection to the scheme from the traffic point of view, or from the Public Works Department. Public advertisement of the proposed plan had already been made in the local press, as required.

The Council passed the following Bill after they had been read a second and third time:—

"A Bill to amend the Immigration and Passports Ordinance, 1934."

"A Bill to amend the War Revenue Ordinance, 1940."

"A Bill to amend the Post Office Ordinance, 1928."

"A Bill to amend the Compulsory

A.R.P. ORDERS

A.R.P. Orders issued by Wing-Commander A. R. S. Steele-Perkins, O.B.E., Director of Air Raid Precautions.

RESIGNATIONS

The following resignations are notified with effect from June 28, 1940.

Messrs. Wm. Young and T. H. Chu, Air Raid Wardens of the Kowloon Organisation, on joining the H.K.V.D.C.

Messrs. Erika Basto, Lau Foon Yeung, Cheung Tin Pak and Cheung Hak Sum on leaving the Colony.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

Mrs. J. Esmail (nee Julia Abbas) now resides at 14, Kent Road, Kowloon. Miss Jengle U of No. 6, Breezy Terrace, now resides at No. 10, Fort St. St. Mr. Mankay Wong of 129, Calne Rd. now resides at Watson's Quay, North Point.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Mr. M. Baraba—Mongkok Tui Division—is granted leave of absence as from June 14, till his return to the Colony. Messrs. James Macaulay and Chen Nam Wah of Mongkok Tui Division are granted leave of absence from July 5 to September 30, 1940.

TRAINING

Telephone Course—A series of lectures and practical training in English will be given on Mondays and Fridays, at the A.R.P. School, No. 88, Morrison Hill Road, commencing on Monday, July 1, at 5.45 p.m. Lecturer: Mr. H. W. Leyden, I.A.R.P.S.

Members of the public, especially lady telephone operators, are invited to volunteer for this important branch of the service and to report to the lecturer at the time and place indicated.

Wardens Class in English—Syllabus—Class No. 18—A series of lectures in English will be given on Mondays and Thursdays, at the A.R.P. School, No. 88, Morrison Hill Rd., commencing on Monday, July 2, at 5.45 p.m. Lecturer: Mr. D. W. Hume, I.A.R.P.S.

Members of the general public who wish to attend this course and qualify as Wardens are requested to send their names to the D.A.R.P. by July 2.

Full Anti-gas Course and Voluntary Aid Course for members of the A.R.P. Auxiliary Reserve of St. John's Ambulance Brigade, will be held as follows:—

E. 19—In English—A.R.P. School, 88 Morrison Hill Rd. Mon. and Fri. at 8.30 p.m. commencing on Fri. July 5, 1940. Lecturer: Mrs. E. F. Dunlop, B.S., I.A.R.P.S.

C. 158—In Chinese—A.R.P. School, 88 Morrison Hill Rd. on Tues. and Fri. at 7.30 p.m. commencing on June 28, 1940, for ladies. Lecturer: Miss Helen Au, I.A.R.P.S.

C. 159—In Chinese—A.R.P. School, 88 Morrison Hill Rd. Wed. and Sat. at 7.30 p.m. commencing on June 29, 1940. Lecturer: Mr. Paul Chak, I.A.R.P.S.

Wardens Classes (In Chinese)—No. C. 160. A.R.P. School, 88 Morrison Hill Rd. Wed. and Sat. at 7.30 p.m. commencing on June 29, 1940. Lecturer: Mr. Mok Dun Man, I.A.R.P.S.

No. C. 161. Queen's College, Aberdeen St. on Tues. and Fri. at 7.30 p.m. commencing on July 2, 1940. Lecturer: Mr. Ng Yee Chang, I.A.R.P.S.

Collective Training (In English)—at Kowloon: On Tues. and Fri. at the A.R.P. Club, King's Park, commencing on July 2, at 5.45 p.m. Lecturer: Mr. A. Howard, C.A.G.L. The Chief Anti-gas Warden for Kowloon will detail those who have to attend.

EXAMINATION RESULTS

Hongkong Police Force—The following members of the Hongkong Police Force passed the General Examination for Air Raid Wardens:—

PASSED WITH CREDIT

Mr. R. E. Leslie, Mr. R. Hogarth, Mr. A. B. E. Major, Mr. J. P. Waldron, Mr. F. Tyler, Mr. J. Lewis, Mr. N. Reynolds, Mr. J. F. Collins, Mr. C. Bayning, Mr. G. Coull, Mr. W. L. Kinlock, Mr. J. O. Artin, Mr. W. F. Delahunty, Mr. E. Dunsdale, Mr. K. W. McLeod, Mr. W. Todd, Mr. J. Dempsey, Mr. M. Cunningham, Mr. C. G. Smith, Mr. E. Ross, Mr. I. Jack, Mr. F. W. Simpson, Mr. J. Cairns.

PASSED—Mr. A. Pool.

As an examination held recently, the following qualified as Wardens and are posted as hereunder:—

Kowloon City Division:—Im Chi Wing, Ying Sze Choy, Chow Yui Kwan, Mak Wei Chai, See Tin Ming, So Yit Chun, Tan Yee Chung, Hung Yu Yan, Ming Lai Kam Ho, Ng Kam Tin, Wong Yee Chai, Yip Chai Chuen, Chan Cheong Tung, Mak Wei Han, Tan Yau Hang, Liu Sung Lim, Shamshappa, Divisions:—Yau Yik King, Y. L. Ho, Chan Hoi Ling, Tsang En Ming, Wan Hin Chiu, Lee Yan Chung, Li Yiu Chung, Li Yiu Ming, The Police, Shing, Chan Chiu Yung.

Mongkok Division:—Kwan Yau On, Tan Chi Hung, Li Ho, Cheung Pin Chiu, Loo Chun Chung, Tang Shiu Man, Kwan Hing Nam, To Kwong Ah, Miss Lin Ka Sit, Chan Chu, Ma Hon Chung, Chan Tze Shek, Li Ching Tai, Kwok Wing Cheung.

Yau-mat Division:—Miss Yeung Yik Ying, Wong Tin Pak, Leung Wing Pak, Decontamination, Practical Class.

The following students, qualified as Decontamination Instructors (D.I.) at an examination recently held:—

B. Williams, Ki In Woon, Wong Yiu Chiu, Tsang Shui Cheung, Wong Peng Ho, Tsang Jan Kit, Chung Wing Kwong, A. C. Sintom, Ng Hong Wai (Sgd), H. W. LEYDEN, Chief Instructor.

H. V. Pearce (Director of Public Works), the Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, the Hon. Mr. J. J. Patterson, the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo, the Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell, the Hon. Dr. Li Shu-fan, the Hon. Mr. A. L. Shields, the Hon. Mr. W. M. Thomas, and Mr. C. B. Burgess (Deputy Clerk of Council).

LEAGUE TENNIS "D" DIVISION

Filipino Club Beat I.R.C.

In the "D" Division of the Tennis League yesterday, Indian R.O. lost to Filipino Club five sets to four.

M. A. Wahab and K. M. Rum-jahn (I.R.C.) beat H. Ribeiro and S. Goncalves 6-4; lost to A. Banle and L. Souza 5-7; beat P. Thimm and A. Kwan 6-0.

S. A. R. Bux and N. Moandharie (I.R.C.) lost to Ribeiro and Goncalves 5-7; lost to Banle and Souza 4-6; beat Thimm and Kwan 6-3.

J. Kitchell and M. I. Razack (I.R.C.) lost to Ribeiro and Goncalves 3-6; lost to Banle and Souza 5-7; beat Thimm and Kwan 6-0.

K.C.C. BEATEN

At Cox's Path, Chinese Recreation Club "A" beat Kowloon Cricket Club by 7½ sets to 2½.

E. Gillard and Kevan (K.C.C.) beat T. F. Lo and H. N. Chau 7-5; lost to P. H. Chiu and W. C. Choy 2-6; lost to C. Wei and K. N. Li 4-6.

H. Stokes and A. E. Perry (K.C.C.) lost to Lo and Chau 4-6; lost to Chiu and Choy 3-6; drew with Wei and Li 6-6.

H. Crabbe and R. Turpin (K.C.C.) lost to Lo and Chau 4-6; lost to Chiu and Choy 3-6; lost to Wei and Li 3-6.

S.C.A.A. WIN

At King's Park, South China Athletic Association beat the Kowloon Indian Tennis Club by 8½ sets to 1½.

S. R. Sallen and M. Ramzan (K.I.T.C.) lost to C. S. Wong and S. Y. Li 2-6; lost to K. F. Ng and K. C. Wong 2-6; drew with K. C. Wan and K. Sung 6-6.

G. M. Khan and M. H. Hassan (K.I.T.C.) lost to Wong and Li 1-6; lost to Ng and Wong 2-6; lost to Wan and Sung 3-6.

Jahan Dad and A. K. Azam (K.I.T.C.) lost to Wong and Li 1-6; lost to Ng and Wong 1-6; lost to Wan and Sung 1-6.

OPEN PAIRS LAWN BOWLS RESULT

In the Colony Open Pairs Lawn Bowls Championship, A. Hyde-Lay and A. J. Hall beat F. N. Hill and R. Meadows by 19 shots to 12 at the Kowloon Football Club yesterday.

K. F. C. TEAMS

The following teams have been selected to represent the Kowloon Football Club in the Lawn Bowls League matches tomorrow:—

K. F. C. v. K. B. G. C. (2nd Division):—J. Gibson, A. Eastman, R. Hall and P. Younghusband (skip); W. Groves, R. Hughes, C. Downman and W. Simpson (skip); A. Lapley, C. Ede, V. Atienza and W. Field (skip).

K. F. C. v. H. K. Electric R. C. (3rd Division):—C. Woodcock, B. C. Wong, C. Fuller and B. D. Evans (skip); B. Thomson, B. Williams, Y. Abbas and J. T. Smalley (skip); C. Frost, P. Morgan, J. Henson and J. Smith (skip).

RECREIO BOWLS SELECTIONS

The following are the Recreation bowls selections for tomorrow:—

1st Division—Recreio "A" v. H.K. Football Club (Home):

L. P. Xavier, F. X. Soares, R. E. Luz, H. A. Alves (skip); L. J. Silva, C. M. Silva, J. V. Ribeiro, F. X. Silva (skip); J. A. Luz, C. E. Marques, F. V. Ribeiro, C. G. Silva (skip).

Recreio "B" v. O.S.C.C. (Away):

D. C. Alves, C. C. Pereira, A. P. Gutierrez, B. Basto (skip); F. A. Machado, C. H. Basto, C. Roza Pereira, J. J. Basto (skip); A. P. Pereira, A. F. Noronha, J. C. Remedios, J. Noronha (skip).

2nd Division—Recreio v. Kowloon Tong Club (Away):

M. F. Alarcon, B. Alves, A. Rodrigues, O. P. Remedios (skip); F. M. N. Silva, J. A. Remedios, C. M. S. Alves, P. Ivanovich (skip); F. A. Xavier, H. B. Pinna, A. M. Xavier, E. Souza (skip).

CIVIL SERVICE TEAMS

The Civil Service Cricket Club selections are:—

1st Division v. Club de Recrio (Home):

E. W. C. Simmonds, J. Hollidge, A. W. Grimmit, F. J. Jones (skip); M. E. Purvis, W. J. Burling, M. N. Rakusep, H. E. Strange (skip); J. Gellatly, J. W. Deakin, L. A. Collyer, J. F. McGowan (skip).

2nd Division v. Police Recreation Club (Away):

P. D. Crawley, H. Lord, H. F. Harper, C. Strang (skip); A. F. Shepherd, J. H. Wardle, E. Eirmon, W. R. Hillyer (skip); C. J. Walker, J. R. Carr, A. Stevens, S. Eccleshall (skip).

SINGAPORE TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Two former champions, Yadi and Yong Loon Chong, fought out a slashing tennis semi-final in the men's singles of the Singapore lawn tennis championships, the result going in favour of Yadi, who with cleverly varied forceful forehand drives and tricky placings defeated his opponent in straight sets 6-3, 6-3.

A characteristic of this game was the grand placings indulged in by both players. Yadi using his familiar chop and frequently rushing the net, met placements that kept Loon Chong busy all the time.

Loon Chong, on the other hand, resorted to close net placings and occasional low drives which Yadi on occasions found difficult to play.

Although no long rallies were witnessed, the game itself was productive of some good tennis. In the opening set Loon Chong won the first two games, which Yadi equalled and after that the set saw-sawed to six-all when Loon Chong lost his service and conceded a game to Yadi. The latter went on to win the next game and set as well, 8-6.

MALAY IN LEAD

Yadi took the initiative in the second set and led by two games but conceded the next. He then went on to win three more in succession.

Serving somewhat forcefully Loon Chong was leading 40-30 in the following game and managed to win it with a splendid placing to the side of the court.

Loon Chong was playing better at this stage and despite the powerful services and drives of Yadi returned them with light-shots which his opponent found difficulty in retrieving. Loon Chong then went on to win two games and reduce the deficit to 5-3.

Resorting to better strokes and strategy both players forced duce on four occasions. Yadi, who had all deuces, however failed to beat Loon Chong but finally caught the latter unaware and annexed the game and set 6-3.

R. F. Smith and S. Ahmed qualified for the final in the men's doubles event by defeating E. C. Cherrington and W. J. M. Warden 6-3, 4-6, 6-2.

U.S. BASEBALL RESULTS

NEW YORK, June 27 (Reuter).—Cleveland Indians, leaders of the American Baseball League, suffered defeat yesterday at the hand of the New York Giants.

Full results were:—

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	8	1
Cleveland	1	6	0
Boston	3	7	2
Detroit	1	8	1
Washington	6	12	0
Chicago	7	15	4
St. Louis	9	11	1
Philadelphia	4	7	4

(Chapman homered for the Browns, and Judnich for the Athletics).

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburgh	2	7	1
Philadelphia	4	7	2
(DiMaggio homered for the Pirates, and Rizzo for the Phillies).			
Pittsburgh	11	14	2
Philadelphia	6	8	1
(Davis homered; twice and DiMaggio once for the Pirates, and Manan for the Phillies).			
St. Louis	9	13	2
(Mize and Koy homered).			
New York	10	18	2
(Cuccinello homered).			

The game between Boston and Cincinnati was postponed owing to rain.

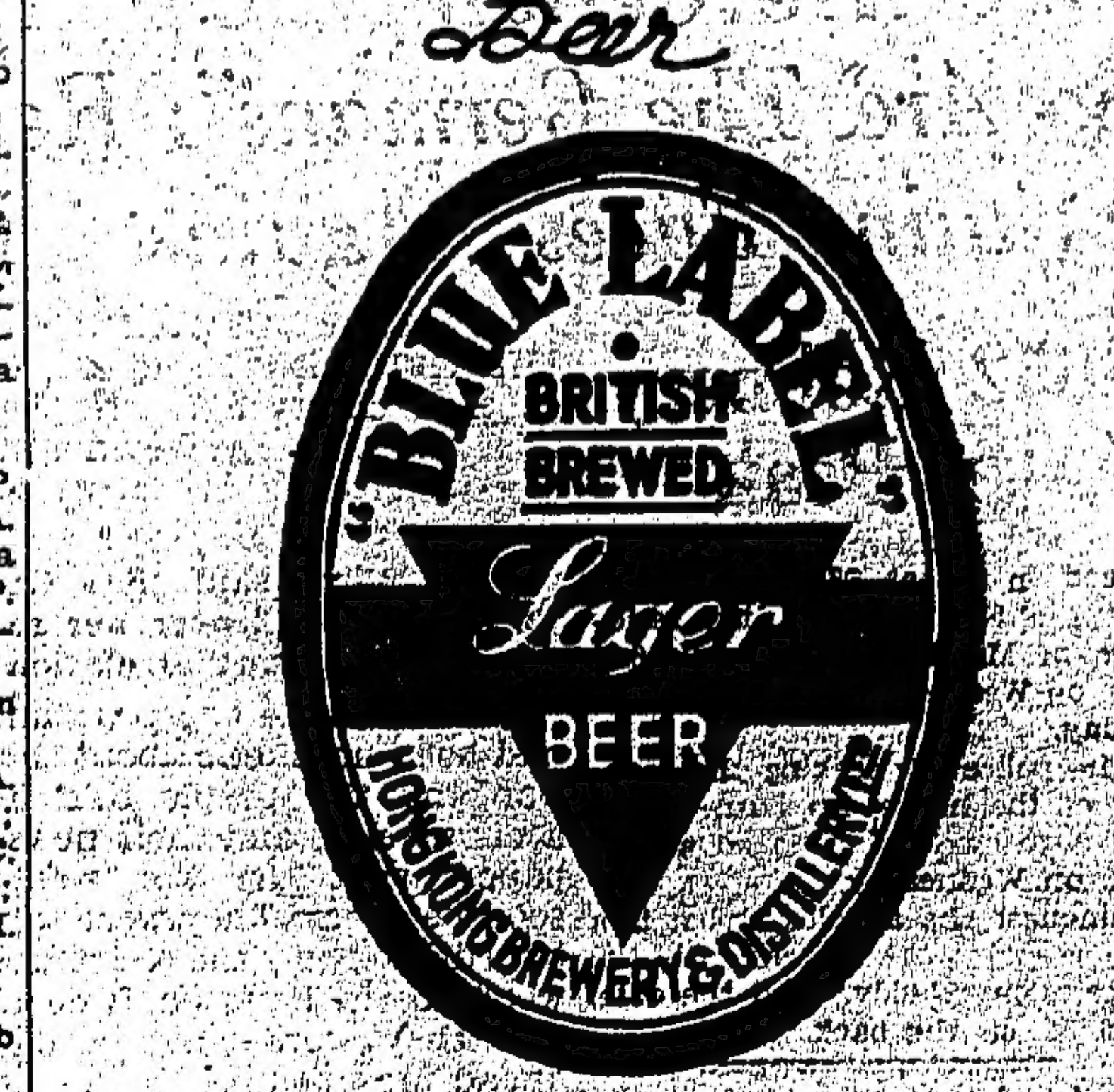
HAWAIIAN WINS BOUT

Baby Veldez, a Spanish contender for the Orient Bantam title failed to live up to his reputation in his initial bow to the Itoh ring and was knocked out in the fourth round by flashy Johnny Mortell in the main event of a ten-three-minute round contest at the Jubilee Park in Iloilo.

The Hawaiian boxer, Mortell, was too good for his opponent connecting a vicious right hook to the rib which sent Veldez down for the full count.

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JAPANESE "COUNTER" NEAR NANCHANG

But Chinese Put Up Stiff Resistance

CHUNGKING, June 26 (Central)—The Japanese have launched a counter-attack, with the support of artillery and tanks, to the south-east of Nanchang. They are, however, meeting stiff resistance.

In a raid at Taohullin, east of Nanchang, a Chinese squad captured over ten Japanese and wrecked a large section of the highway and several bridges.

Street fighting took place at Chuhcha, a rural town about 15 miles northeast of Nanchang, on June 23. Many casualties were inflicted upon the Japanese. Over 100 Japanese were killed and several Japanese steam boats were sunk in a Chinese attack at Low-chien-shih, north of Chuhcha.

JAPANESE BESIEGED

The Japanese at Anyi, 20 miles northwest of Nanchang, are besieged. In a desperate attempt to break through the Chinese cordon they directed concentrated artillery fire against a point to the north of the city yesterday morning. More than 1,000 shells were fired. After the heavy bombardment, 1,000 Japanese infantrymen rushed the Chinese positions, but were beaten.

Following the recapture of Feng-loho, on the east bank of the Han River, 30 miles north of Chung-siang, the Chinese have been pushing southward mopping up the Japanese at Pan-shan-tueh, Ho-chiatsi, Yang-chiatsi and Pufen-chung. They have now reached Yangtzechen, a strategic point about 10 miles north of Chung-siang.

MILITARY POSTS DAMAGED

Fighting has been going on for seven days at Ketiempo, northeast of Hwangchiatsi in central Eupen. Eighteen Japanese planes have been staging intermittent raids on the Chinese positions.

Chinese troops in north Che-kiang mopped up the Japanese outside the city of Kashi on the Shanghai-Hangchow Railway, 13 miles north-east of Kashi, on June 20 and forced an entry into the city. In the ensuing street fight over forty Japanese military establishments and bogus government offices were damaged.

Other Chinese units had a chance encounter with the Japanese outside Kashi city.

TOKYO NOTE STUDIED

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter) — A request sent by the Japanese Government to Britain, to take effective measures to stop all supplies of war materials to China through Burma and Hongkong, was received in London from Sir Robert Craigie, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

It is now under careful consideration by His Majesty's Government.

JAPANESE PLANES DOWNED

CHUNGKING, June 27 (Central) — The Chungking Air Defence Headquarters announced that three Japanese planes were shot down in the enemy air raid over Chungking yesterday.

Over 130 raiders headed for the wartime capital. A part of them were intercepted and driven back by Chinese fighter planes. The rest broke into the city limits and met intense anti-aircraft fire.

Bombs released indiscriminately did further damage to foreign properties. The gate house of the Soviet Embassy was hit and damaged by the concussion. Two bombs landed near the American Embassy but caused no damage.

Other foreign properties damaged included the Y.M.C.A., a mission building and a hospital.

ROME, June 27 (Reuter) — It is officially stated 23 were killed during an Allied air raid on Palermo on Sunday and that 183 were injured.

Republicans Say America Must Not Go To War

PHILADELPHIA, June 27 (Reuter) — The Republican Party's election platform, as prepared by the resolutions of the Committee of National Convention, declares that the Republican Party stands for Americanism, preparedness in peace, no foreign war, and an army and navy so strong that no unfriendly Power can successfully attack America or its essential outposts.

Poles Must Fight On

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter) — Poland's determination to fight on, shoulder to shoulder with the British Empire was reaffirmed by M. Mikolajczyk Vice-president of the National Council of the Polish Republic in a statement issued in London yesterday.

M. Mikolajczyk, who arrived from France with other members of the Polish Embryo Parliament formed under the chairmanship of M. Paderewski in France, said "the fight for a free and independent Poland goes on despite the cruel failures and disappointments."

Poles had, have and must have the will and determination to persevere in this struggle in close co-operation with the powerful British Empire for the liberation of Poland under the leadership of General Sikorski.

ESPIONAGE DOES NOT PAY!

DUBLIN, June 27 (Reuter) — Stephen Carroll Held, who appeared in the Dublin Court last Friday under the Emergency Powers Act, was yesterday sentenced to five years penal servitude by the Special Criminal Court.

He was found guilty of aiding an unknown person in an attempt to obtain information likely to be prejudicial to the safety of the State.

He was acquitted of conspiracy to usurp the functions of the Government by maintaining an armed force and obtaining on behalf of that force \$20,000.

They urged that there should be no third term for any President.

It charged the New Deal Administration with having failed America, having left the nation unprepared to resist foreign attack and having attempted to adjourn Congress "during the world's most tragic hour so we might be egged into war by word or deed" during the Congressmen's absence.

DISCLOSING MILITARY DETAILS

The Administration was specially charged with disclosing military details of the United States equipment to foreign Powers, despite the protests made by the Head of the United States armed defence.

Concerning the war abroad, the declaration said: "Our sympathies have been profoundly stirred by the invasion of 'unoffending' countries and by the disaster to nations whose ideals most closely resemble our own."

MUST PREPARE DEFENCES

"We favour an extension to all people fighting for liberty, or whose liberty is threatened of such aid as shall not be a violation of international law or inconsistent with the requirements of our own national defence."

Nevertheless, the platform declared: "The zero hour is here. America must prepare to defend our shores, our homes, our lives, and our most cherished ideals."

The Republicans proposed to do this by building up national defence to a point at which it will be able to "not only defend the United States and its possessions and essential outposts from foreign attacks but will also efficiently uphold in war the Monroe Doctrine."

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DETAINED IN MENTAL HOSPITAL AGAINST WILL

Wife Gives Evidence In Maintenance Case

SYSTEMATIC INSULT ALLEGED

Evidence that her husband, NIP KAI-YUI, had taken her to the Mental Hospital where she was detained a week against her will and subjected to treatment that only inmates required, was given at Kowloon Court yesterday by CHUNG YUK-MING, 36, who is summoning her husband for separation and separate maintenance allowances.

Complainant, who is represented by Mr. Hin-shing Lo, is resident at No. 8, Luard Road, first floor. She alleges desertion and systematic insult by her husband as grounds for separation.

Her family finally managed to obtain her discharge, and on June 7 she took out the summons against defendant.

DOCTOR CALLED

Dr. Edward Law, giving evidence, said that he examined complainant, who was one of his regular patients, on June 7. She complained of having been kept several days in a lunatic asylum. Complainant's health, Dr. Law said, had always been a little below par. She was a woman of a nervous disposition. He found that day that she had a rapid pulse and a slight tremor of the hands. She complained of dizziness and could not collect her thoughts.

Witness further stated that complainant was very nervous when she visited him a week earlier, but she was not suffering from insanity.

"Would you have recommended a lunatic asylum as a place of recuperation," Mr. Lo asked. "Certainly not," witness replied. "After hearing the evidence of complainant who wept bitterly through several parts of her story, further hearing was adjourned to this afternoon."

Mr. Q. A. A. Macfadyen, who is hearing the case, suggested to defendant that it would be advisable that he be legally represented.

Defendant spoke with his wife about the matter and his father, it was alleged, went on his knees to beg complainant to prevail upon her mother to withdraw the summons. Complainant interceded with her mother, and the summons was withdrawn.

Since that date, defendant's father, Mr. Lo said, did everything he could to rupture relations between his son and daughter-in-law. In an out of Court settlement he parted with \$100,000 in favour of complainant's family, and he continued to bear a grudge against his daughter-in-law's family.

MORE STRAINED
The old man first induced his son to take a concubine despite the repeated protestations of the wife. Defendant acted on his father's advice and the married relationship became more and more strained through the past four years.

Matters became worse in the course of the past year, and complainant worried herself into a state of nerves in endeavouring to keep informed of her husband's whereabouts while he regularly left their home not to return for 10 days or a fortnight.

On Aug. 25 last year, complainant followed her husband to his father's home and there was beaten with a stick by the old man in the presence of several people.

On April 8, this year, complainant followed her husband to a diva in Shanghai Street where she took some opium in her mouth but was prevented by him from swallowing it.

On May 15, there was a short reconciliation and defendant promised to take his wife to the Yeung Wo Yung Home, but took her instead to the Luk Kwok Hotel where they stayed a week.

BLOW ON ARM
When, late she returned with him to his home, he struck her a blow on the arm and said, "If you want to die, die in your mother's house."

On June 2, complainant, believing that her husband was again reconciled, went with him in his car. He gave directions to the driver to proceed to the Mental Hospital and there handed her over to the attendants.

Despite her protest and the efforts of her family, he was kept there two days in the general ward and another five days in a private ward where it was subjected to treatment that only inmates required. She was forced to take an injection and had water thrown at her.

IMMORTALISATION OF H.K. IN FRIML COMPOSITION

Hongkong is to be immortalised in one of Rudolf Friml's compositions.

In an exclusive interview with a representative of the Hongkong Daily Press, Mr. Rudolf Friml stated that he is now writing a "Symphony around the World," and has come to the Colony for the express purpose of getting atmosphere.

Each part of the symphony is to be named after a city. Mr. Friml has already finished the one on Bangkok, and after Hongkong will proceed to Ball, Peking and Tokyo for the same purpose.

Asked whether the war in Europe has upset his plans for the European part of the symphony, Mr. Friml replied that he had already written parts on Madrid, Vienna, and Prague. The latter composition he calls "The German invasion of Czechoslovakia," which has the Czechoslovakian national anthem interwoven with many "disturbances" allegorical of Nazi invasions, while the piece finally ends up with victory in sight for the Czechs.

CHINESE MUSIC

In answer to the question on the problem of harmonising Chinese music, with its five-tone scale, the composer replied that one must not harmonise Chinese music, as one would the Western melody in the four voices.

"The minute you harmonise Chinese music, it destroys its simplicity. In Chinese music the flute, violin, and other instruments all play in unison. When writing Chinese music, I give it a little support in the bass, but not enough to destroy its simplicity," he added.

When the "Round the World Symphony" is completed Leopold Stokowsky has promised to play and interpret it.

It was also learned that as the President liner was crossing the Pacific with the composer on board bound for the Orient, a telegram was received from his agent in Hollywood to the following effect: "Two studios interested in your round the world symphony, and also your life story."

Refugees To Return To Villages

On July 1 and 2, between the period of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m., the Japanese military authorities will allow all Chinese refugees to return to Chinese territory. Those returning must pass through Lo Wu Railway Bridge, Man Kam To or Sha Tau Kok.

Only those refugees in possession of a certificate issued by the Hongkong Government Authorities will be allowed to cross the border. These certificates will be issued only at Lo Wu, Man Kam To and Sha Tau Kok starting at 9 a.m. on July 1 and 2.

Refugees will be allowed to return to all villages and towns in the Po On and Wai Yeung districts with the exception of Shum Chun Market, which is closed to all Chinese.

Refugees are strongly advised to take heed of this notice. This may be the only chance they will have to return to their villages.

PREFER TO STAY HERE
The Japanese offer does not appear to have interested many refugees. A large number seen by pressmen yesterday announced that they preferred to stay in Hongkong.

SHATAUKOK OCCUPIED
Meanwhile, Japanese operations along the frontier have been extended and Shataukok and Sha-yu-chung, in Mrs. Bay, were occupied yesterday morning by a small unit.

Refugees from Sha-yu-chung report that about 400 Japanese entered the town and that the seaport was ablaze.

Judgment On July 5

GLEN LINE CLAIM CONCLUDES

The case in which the Glen Line, Ltd. claimed unspecified damages from the Socony-Vacuum Oil Company as the result of a collision between the s.s. Flintshire and the latter company's tanker, Yarraville, in the Yellow Sea on June 15, 1937, concluded in the Supreme Court yesterday.

The Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, who sat with Lt. Cmdr. K. W. Kirby, R. N., as Assessor, stated that he would give judgment on Friday, July 5, at 10 a.m.

For the defence, the Hon. Mr. Leo D'Almeida, Jm., who was instructed by Mr. D. H. Blake, submitted that the Flintshire did not navigate with caution in the fog.

TWO-BLAST SIGNAL
Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., who appeared for the plaintiffs together with Mr. H. C. Macnamara, instructed by Mr. F. G. Nigel, said that the two-blast signal given by the Yarraville was misleading. The Flintshire was navigating under the impression that the other ship was dead in the water until 7.21 a.m. that morning when the captain of the Flintshire became suspicious.

Counsel submitted that the Flintshire had navigated properly under the circumstances. It would have been able to pull up, and a collision avoided, but for the fact that the Yarraville went across her bows.

BURNING JUNK

A burning junk was reported on June 25 by the master of a steamship to be at Lat. 22° 29' N., long. 115° 18' E. (approx.), at 0235 hours G.M.T.

MARINE COURT

BOATWOMAN FINED
Leung Yung Kan, a 60-year-old widow, of boat No. A1247V, was fined \$10 or ten days' hard labour by Lt. Commr. J. Jolly at the Marine Court yesterday for having on June 23 conveyed on her boat two prostitutes to a ship in the Victoria Harbour.

The officer for the prosecution stated that the widow's craft was found going alongside a ship when stopped by a Police officer.

ROUND THE POLICE COURTS

AT CENTRAL LADY MOTORIST IS FINED

Several traffic summonses were dealt with by Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Dr. Ramler, of Exchange Building, third floor, was fined \$25 when he was summoned for driving private car No. 1988 in Upper Albert Road on June 9 without a valid driver's licence.

A similar fine was imposed on Mrs. Tobias, of St. John's Court, 74 Macdonnell Road, for allowing car No. 1988 to be driven by a person not holding an appropriate licence.

Fines of \$5 each were imposed on Mrs. Boyd of the Little Shop, Gloucester Arcade, and Mrs. Dorrier, residing at the Hongkong Hotel. The former was summoned for parking her car in excess of the time period at the Chater Road Car Park, and Mrs. Dorrier for unnecessary use of her horn at Des Voeux Road Central, near Gloucester Building.

MANSLAUGHTER ALLEGED

A further remand of one week was granted by Mr. T. J. Houston at the Central Magistracy yesterday when Li Ming, 25, and Li Kam, 33, appeared before him on a charge of manslaughter.

The defendants are alleged to have assaulted Lau Pui at the Yuen On Wharf and following a short chase the deceased collapsed and died.

FINDINGS NOT KEEPINGS

Charged with larceny by finding, So Yuk-shiu, laundry coolie employed at Victoria Barracks, was sentenced to one week's imprisonment by Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Det.-Sgt. J. Bentley, prosecuting, stated that on June 25, Cpl. Huntley of the Royal Scots gave some washings to defendant. Some time later he discovered that he had left \$5.10 in the pockets and on going through them the money was found to be missing.

Defendant was questioned but denied any knowledge. He even offered his purse to be searched and the money in question was found in the lining of the purse.

NOT QUITE FAST ENOUGH

Before two Magistrates, Mr. H. G. Sheldon and Mr. T. J. Houston, at the Central Magistracy yesterday a 41-year-old unemployed, Lau Ki, was sentenced to two years' hard labour when he appeared on a charge of larceny from the person.

Insp. Tuckett, who was in charge of the case, stated that on June 26 complainant was walking down Wing Lok Street, Nearing Western Market, defendant came up from behind and using his hat as a screen extracted \$3 from complainant's pocket.

Defendant was seen by a District Watchman and placed under arrest. He had nine previous convictions for the same offence.

EXPULSION ORDER

An expulsion order was made against Fung Tai, 26, unemployed, when he was charged before Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy yesterday on two counts of larceny of two dozen wrist watch straps and five thermometers and with possession of housebreaking tools, namely, a screw driver and an iron bar.

Defendant was stopped by a detective at 4.40 a.m. near the Wanchai Market with the above-mentioned tools in his possession. Questioned he admitted having stolen them from No. 208 Gloucester Road.

In Court yesterday defendant admitted a previous conviction and Sgt. Bentley, who prosecuted, stated that he had only just been released from prison.

AT KOWLOON

TRAFFIC CASE

Appearing in Kowloon Court for the second time in two days, this time as complainant, Mr. J. M. L. Gutierrez, of the Sun Sun Hotel, Nathan Road, accused Sham Kai, 60, yesterday, of driving without due care and caution in Nathan Road near Soy Street at 6.15 p.m. on May 25.

Gutierrez alleged that defendant crashed into the rear of his car. Defendant alleged that Gutierrez overtook him in Nathan Road, and suddenly swerved to the left, giving him no time to pull up.

A fine of \$10 was imposed.

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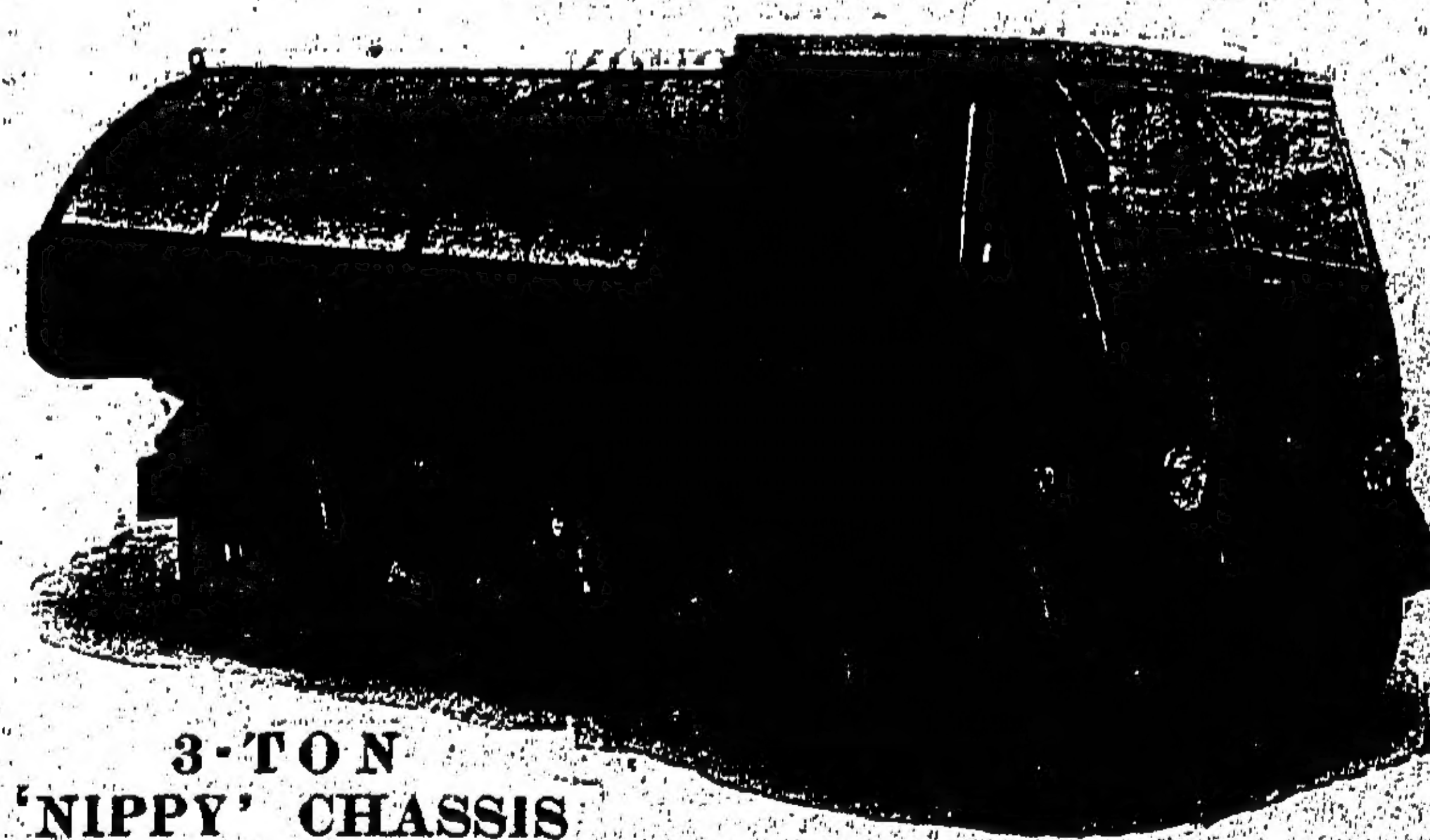
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ADVERTISEMENTS

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Issue of 300,000 new ordinary shares of \$10 each, credited as fully paid up.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from 1st July, 1940 to the 10th July, 1940, both days inclusive, during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG.

PROBATE JURISDICTION.

IN THE GOODS OF WALTER GRAHAM REYNOLDS of 19 New Road, Chatham in the County of Kent in the United Kingdom deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court has by virtue of the provisions of Section 53 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1897 made an order limiting the time for creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to 19th July, 1940.

All Creditors and others are accordingly hereby required to send their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

DEACONS,

Solicitors for the Executor,
1, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hong Kong.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Tuesday, the 2nd day of July, 1940, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Kowloon Tsi, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sub-Registries	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	New Kowloon Island Lot No. 802.	Kowloon Tsi, Junction of Waterloo Road & Derby Road.	As per sale plan	About 12,000	1200

ADVERTISEMENTS

BANK HOLIDAY.

In Accordance with Government Ordinance, THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the Transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY, the 1st July, 1940. (The First Week Day in July.)
Hongkong, 26th June, 1940.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Tuesday, the 2nd day of July, 1940, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land near Tai Lam Chung, in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 24 years less the last three days thereof.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sub-Registries	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Square Feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	Tai Lam Chung, Lot No. 21.	As per sale plan	About 418	418	369

\$168 RAISED FROM STAMP AUCTION

Keen interest was displayed by members of the Hongkong Philatelic Society in the auction for the benefit of British war funds, and there was a very good attendance at the meeting held yesterday for the purpose in the South China Morning Post board room.

No less than \$168 was raised as the result of the auction. There were altogether 75 lots of stamps and covers sold.

It was proposed that, if arrangements could be made, a public auction should be held also for the purpose of raising money for war funds. The public other than Society members would be invited to donate any spare stamps they might have.

The auctioneer was Capt. E. W. H. Filmore, who ably conducted the proceedings.

An interesting talk given by Mr. Ellery Denison on old Amoy stamps was very well received.

LINGNAN VARSITY

It was inadvertently stated yesterday that the deficit of Lingnan University is for 1939-40 \$300,000. The correct figure is \$30,000.

On the debit side there is an expenditure of \$210,000 while on the credit side there is \$180,000, according to Dr. Y. L. Lee, of Lingnan University.

HEALTH RETURNS

The following is a return of notifiable diseases that occurred in the Colony during the 24 hours ended midnight on June 26:

Tuberculosis 27, three each of dysentery and enteric fever and small-pox two.

The Daily Press

Editorial and Business Office:
15-19, Queen's Road Central,
Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office):
Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street
E.C.4.

HONGKONG, JUNE 28, 1940.

HONGKONG'S WAR EFFORTS

HIS EXCELLENCY the Officer Administering the Government of Hongkong, Mr. N. L. Smith, made an eloquent appeal on Wednesday night on behalf of the Colony's war efforts, which, in conjunction with the spirited activity of the Hongkong War Effort Committee, should do much to stimulate the response from those living here in the cause for which the British Empire has now determined to continue the struggle against the brute forces of Europe. After commending the zeal of those behind the fund started and carried out so successfully by the South China Morning Post and the Hongkong Telegraph, Mr. Smith addressed his remarks to the small contributors on the basis that every mite would help to bring nearer that day of liberty and peace for which the whole world was so anxiously waiting.

MR. SMITH'S appeal was, indeed, made at a most propitious moment. With the possibility of an extension of the hostilities to the Far East and the likelihood that an occasion may arise when this Colony will have to play its part in its own defence and security, the response today to help the mother country to crush this world menace and so preserve normal conditions in this part of the world has already proved to be spontaneous. The people of Hongkong are already undergoing hardship caused by soaring prices and the consequent increased cost of living, but it is realised only too well in this Colony that no sacrifice can be too great if this part of the British Empire is to be saved from the fate which has overtaken those countries which have fallen under the Nazi war machine or the condition which threatened to overtake China if she had not so bravely resisted the attempts which were made to bring her to heel.

MR. SMITH evidently had this in mind when he referred to the Chinese community in this Colony. For nearly three years now, Hongkong has given refuge to, and tended and cared for, many thousands of refugees from China who were deprived of their living rights by the Japanese invaders. Apart from these helpless men, women and children, to whom the British Government is still extending a protecting hand, there are in our midst many Chinese who have adopted Hongkong as their home and who have prospered, some in a big way and others in accordance with their own pursuits. They all recognise the benefits which they have enjoyed under the British flag and have learnt and read enough to convince them that their own future safety and prosperity in this part of the Empire depends on the success which must eventually come to the British arms in the struggle against aggression in Europe. Many of them have already made their contributions to the war efforts which the Colony is making, but there are many others who might follow the example of the few and add their own donations, no matter how small, to help democracy to prevail against totalitarian ruthlessness. We

feel sure this response will readily be forthcoming now. THE HONGKONG War Effort Committee, in the meanwhile, is exploring every possible means for supplementing the help which can be sent from this Colony to the mother country. It has opened its ranks to all sections of the community in Hongkong and, according to plans now in hand, their drive for funds will materialise very soon. Leading members of all communities have placed their services at the disposal of this Committee and nothing has escaped the scope of its activity—from sweepstakes and flag days and band concerts and charity shows to the collection of scrap. To those at home, this will be more than heartening—it will act as an encouragement to face what is before them with a more cheerful heart and a greater resolve to secure victory for themselves and peace for the whole world.

CORRESPONDENCE

ICE HOUSE STREET NUISANCE

(To The Editor, H.K. Daily Press)

Dear Sir,—Though the daily development of the war situation is probably occupying the mind of everybody now, it is impossible to stand, without complaint, the nuisance created day and night by the presence of a large crowd of men, women, and boys gathering around the pavement of the corner of Queen's Bldg., facing Ice House St., and Chater Rd., for the purpose of waiting for the opening of a Chinese bank presumably to exchange notes. I shall, therefore, be much obliged if you will kindly allow me some space in your paper to point out what such a nuisance is like.

Any ferry passenger knows that the crowd has been in the said locality day and night for weeks. I, for one, strongly suspect that those persons there draw in among them a gang of snatches, because I seem to have been skillfully robbed of a fountain pen from my jacket pocket while passing Ice House St., after getting off the ferry a few days ago. A friend said to me that he had also been similarly victimised. A European lady, as another instance, was seen by me to have collided with a dirty boy and got her evening dress and stockings blackened, when some of the crowd were playing about, right in the middle of the street.

The Ice House Street—Chater Rd. crossing is a busy centre and an important locality, yet it is possible to have it turned into a low class market place, full of filth. When the crowd sits on the pavement for hours, it looks as if the place is their own home; they spit; they eat peanuts! Not only is the place an ugly scene, but it is a source of danger to public health. Besides, the inevitable smell of perspiration in summer causes discomfort to every person who happens to walk by.

As such an open nuisance like this one should not have escaped the attention of, and interference by the Police, the Urban Council, property owners of the buildings around the district and the bank concerned, I hope the nuisance will not be permitted to go on any longer, for the welfare of the public.—Yours etc.

A Ferry Passenger.

FUNERAL SERVICE FOR FR. LEBBE

CHUNGKING, June 27 (Central)—A funeral service was held yesterday for the late Father Vincent Lebbe who passed away in Chungking on June 24. Dr. Paul Yu Pin, Vicar Apostolic for Nanking, officiated.

His coffin will temporarily be placed at Koloshan in the suburbs pending the selection of a suitable location for burial. A grand memorial service will be held sometime in the autumn when funeral scrolls and other presents will have been received from all over the country.

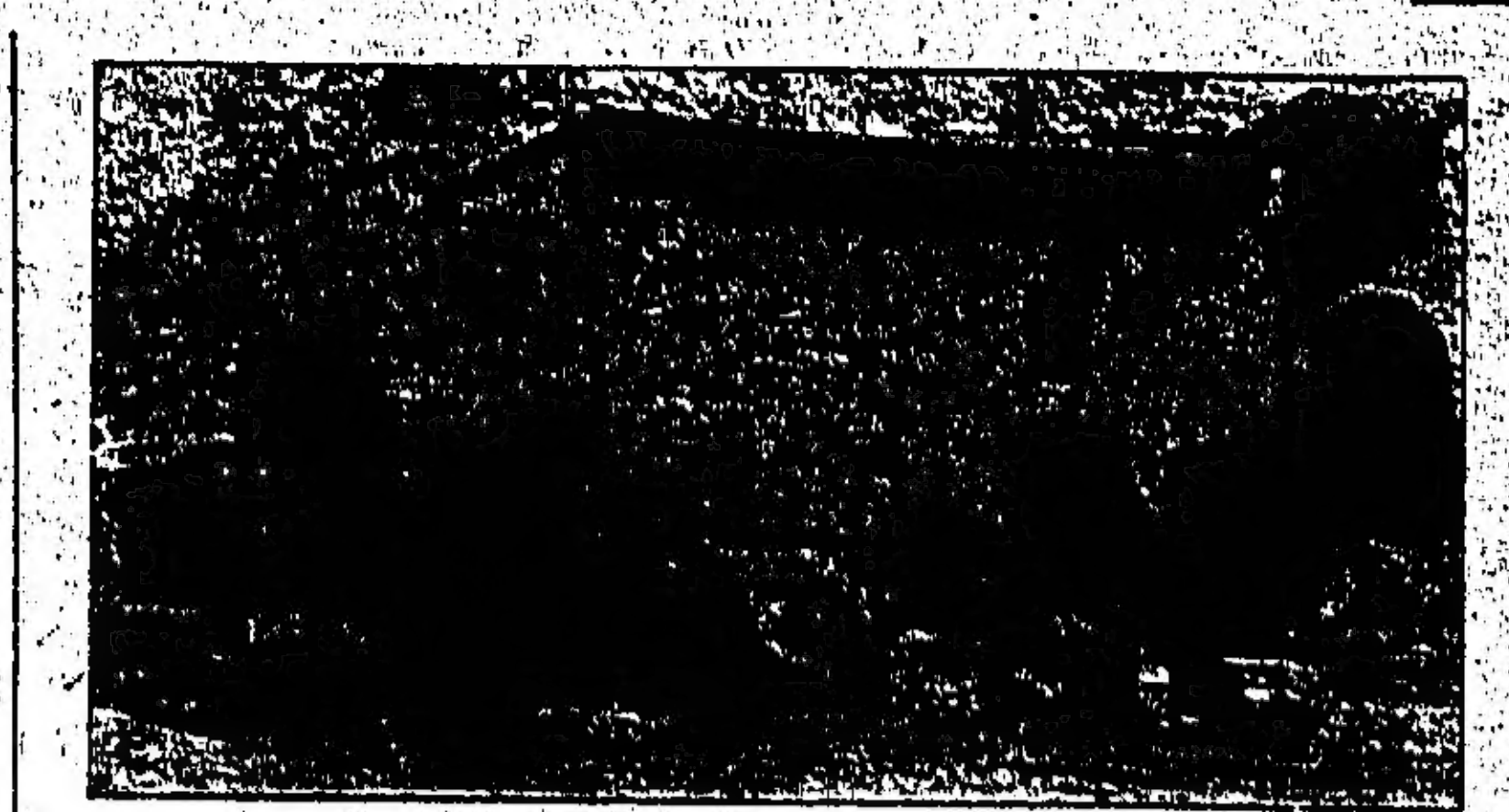
Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek who highly appreciated the service of Father Lebbe to China, deeply mourns his death. He sent a representative to assist in the funeral and granted a funeral fund.

While Father Lebbe was lying in a critical condition in the hospital, the Generalissimo often personally phoned the hospital inquiring after him.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek who highly appreciated the service of Father Lebbe to China, deeply mourns his death. He sent a representative to assist in the funeral and granted a funeral fund.

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A German Panzer unit going into action.

BLASTING THROUGH Tactics Used By German Armoured Division

In the following article, a military correspondent discusses the tactics which have been employed in the recent fighting in France by the German Armoured Divisions and points out some of the principal reasons which contributed to their success in the attacks on the Low Countries and the break through at Sedan.

(Special to the H.K. Daily Press)

Hongkong, June 27.

At the beginning of May this year, Germany was known to have twelve divisions (400 each) of tanks of various sizes up to 20 tons.

These divisions were formed into an Army of Attack which was organised by General Guderian, who, in his text book entitled "Look Out Tanks," published in 1939, summarised his basic tactical principle with the following triteness: "It is important to penetrate swiftly and deeply into enemy positions with a great number of tanks."

Disposition:

The disposition of this army of German tanks early in May this year consisted of one spearhead, which darted across the Netherlands to Rotterdam, while three others were launched above and below Liege and two more above and below Sedan.

WHEN THIS ATTACK WAS MADE, ALL ALLIED PRECONCEPTIONS OF SPEED AND POWER WENT OVERBOARD. At the same time, aircraft and tanks so overwhelmed the Allies that only courage and discipline saved the "strategic retreat" from becoming a rout.

Artillery Barrage:

In place of the artillery barrage which used to precede all attacks on strongly held positions, the German air arm led the way. Attack-bombers, swooping low to 300 feet in endless masses, blasted forts and defence positions. The defenders were sprayed with machine-gun fire and bombed ceaselessly, while other planes laid smoke-screens under which the German tanks made their charge. This compelled Allied guns to resort to area fire, which lacks precision.

The Break Through:

When the way had been thus prepared, 20-ton break-through tanks (each carrying up to 18 men) charged in, regardless of losses, in regiments of 36 tanks each plus a reserve echelon. Where rivers or canals were encountered, bombing planes covered the break-through tanks, which frequently were of the 30-ton amphibian type. Pioneer troops then slipped ahead with acetylene torches to cut away steel obstructions.

The fire-unit of the break-through tank was several heavy machine-guns, plus a light cannon. THE ARMOUR WAS ABLE TO RESIST ANY FIRE SHORT OF THE 75-M.M. GUN.—A FACT WHICH COMPLETELY NULLIFIED THE FRENCH DEFENCE PLAN OF USING 25-M.M. ANTI-TANK GUNS ARRANGED IN DEPTH.

Plunging Ahead:

Once through, the break-through tanks, after smashing up all anti-tank weapons in sight, plunged ahead as far as possible. Immediately behind came the German assault tanks of six to ten tons, carrying light cannon and machine-guns. Of these, five made a squadron. Three squadrons a company, plus the unit leader's car, radio car and reserve echelon. Three battalions of a 135-tank regiment, plus reserves and two regiments of break-through and two of assault tanks made a 400-tank armoured division.

The function of the assault tanks, following the break-through, was to fan out and attack troops in trenches, pill-boxes, etc. Some of them were said to throw names

SUMMARY OF THE BATTLE IN HOLLAND

MEUSE BRIDGES BLOWN UP

The following summary has been issued by the Netherlands Consul-General in Hongkong:

With one exception all the bridges across the Meuse and the Esel in the eastern part of Holland were blown up by the Netherlands Army, one of them while a German armoured train was crossing it. In order to repair the damage the Germans brought with them spare parts which exactly fitted the particular bridges.

It has sometimes seemed inexplicable how the Germans were able to occupy certain aerodromes. The method adopted was to try and destroy the defences from the air, at the same time attacking the defending troops in the back by parachutists. As soon as the attackers occupied the aerodromes a great number of troops carrying enemy planes landed.

The parachutists were often dressed in Netherlands military uniforms, which not only caused considerable confusion but often enabled the attackers to requisition motor cars, which greatly increased their freedom of action.

Although many of the parachutists may have landed in various disguises they mostly obtained these from Nazi sympathisers on the ground and were thus able to dress up as priests, monks, policemen, women, and mingle with the crowds, spending the nights in the houses of their German friends.

Numerous parachutists were only young boys who in many cases did not even know they were in Holland and some of whom had never even flown. The majority, however, was equipped with automatic rifles, bicycles and wireless transmitters. Trench mortars, motor-cycles and munitions were lowered by special parachutes.

FRAUGHTFUL LOSSES

Some parachutists, dressed in Netherlands Army uniforms, joined up with Dutch Army detachments whom they suddenly attacked, inflicting frightful losses. Others grabbed women, or children playing in the streets, whom they used as shields in their advance.

The capitulation of the Netherlands Army in the centre part of Holland must be ascribed to the destruction of the air force, the activities of parachutists aided by fifth columnists, and finally to the occupation by surprise of the two bridges near Moerdijk, south of Rotterdam, which consequently could not be blown up.

This occupation was effected by parachutists, troops arriving in flying boats and hidden in river vessels, and enabled the Germans to penetrate into the fortress Holland, attacking the defenders from the rear. The German High Command also threatened the total destruction of the city of Utrecht (160,000 inhabitants) which it had occupied.

That the Dutch defence otherwise has been solid is proven by the fact that one quarter of the Netherlands army was wiped out, whilst the whole air force went down fighting. One Queen's Grenadier Guards suffered 80 per cent casualties in retaking an aerodrome near the Hade. It took the Germans three days to cover the distance of 50 miles between the nearest point on the border to the "water line" the chief inundation system around the "Fortress Holland."

Neither this "water line," nor the dam across the Zuiderzee, nor the Zuiderzee itself, had been crossed by any German forces at the moment of capitulation. The war only lasted four days but there is evidence that the Germans counted on being able to over-run Holland in one day only.

Mr. J. Laurens, of Procter and Gamble Trading Co., Cebu, was a passenger through Hongkong yesterday, accompanied by Mrs. Laurens.

The Hongkong Chinese Civil Servants' Club will present a variety concert in aid of the B.W.O.F. at the R.K. Shing Theatre on Monday, July 1, at 8.30 p.m. The programme includes four acts of Chinese historical plays, the "Death of a Songstress."

NEWSETTES

There will be a patriotic games morning at the European Y.M.C.A. on Thursday, July 4, at 10 a.m.

Mr. Joe Fisher, managing director, Fishers Ltd., Singapore, passed through the Colony yesterday.

A B.W.O.F. concert will be held in the West Lounge of the European Y.M.C.A. on July 4 at 8.30 p.m.

Mr. C. Roesholm, managing director, Texas Co., Inc., Manila, passed through Hongkong yesterday.

Mr. E. Otto, of the National Carbon Co., Shanghai, was a passenger in transit through Hongkong, for the north yesterday.

Mr. M. Olausson, of the China Import-Export & Lumber Co. Ltd., Shanghai, was a passenger through the Colony yesterday.

Mr. M. L. Romer, of the Asiatic Petroleum Co. (P. L.) Ltd., Manila, passed through Hongkong yesterday.

Mr. Paul King, of the editorial staff of the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury, was a passenger through Hongkong yesterday.

Mr. H. J. Barnard, Chief Police Officer, the Johore State Police, arrived in Hongkong yesterday.

Mrs. L. Bergquist, wife of Mr. L. C. Bergquist, of the Standard Vacuum Oil Co., Singapore, passed through Hongkong yesterday, accompanied by her daughter.

Weather permitting, the Union Church Sunday School Treat will be held on Saturday 29 at the 13-mile beach. Buses will leave Union Church, Jordan Road, at 2.15 p.m.

The Kowloon Union Church Sunday School will hold a treat at 13-mile beach, Tsim Wan tomorrow. Buses will leave the Kowloon Union Church, Jordan Road, at 2.15 p.m.

Mr. Anthony Eden Gives Broadcast Message

Britain Is Ready To Meet Any Nazi Invasion

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—Broadcasting last night, Mr. Anthony Eden, Minister for War, said that the time was approaching when the enemy, having over-run all outlying forts of liberty, would launch his assault on the main citadel—our own land.

Enemy bombing attacks at night would be continued and possibly other forms of attack would be attempted also.

"They will be repulsed and we shall subject the enemy in his own country to constant and heavy counter-attack from the air."

"We are confident that the enemy will be beaten off."

Giving the reasons for his complete confidence, Mr. Eden said that character of the Britons was the first reason.

"We know you will never flinch. We have learned from the tragic fate of the French nation that civilisation cannot be preserved by material means alone."

"We have seen that ramparts of concrete are not enough."

"It is only by dedication of human spirit and human will through the length and breadth of the land that a complete and final victory can be won."

DANGEROUS DAYS

"These are dangerous days—days when the fibre of our race will be put to a hard test. But we also know in our hearts that they are the days of great opportunity such as come to few generations."

"It is our privilege as an Empire standing alone to preserve, to restore and in the end to extend the frontiers of freedom."

"The presence of troops in these islands from every part of the Commonwealth is a stirring sign of the deep unity of purpose which inspires all its peoples."

"The French nation, in its agony, has nowhere to look, but to us for the salvation of the precious heritage of civilisation which must inevitably pass from Europe unless we, with our brothers from overseas, show an invincible will to defend it."

"Those over whom the iron wheels of the conqueror has passed base their hopes on our victory."

"We shall not fall them."

REFUGEES HANDICAP

Underlining the official advice to "stay where you are" when attacked, Mr. Eden remarked, "The mass of refugees helped to lose the battle of France; they will not lose the battle of Britain."

The enemy would soon learn that it was not the nature of our people to sit placidly and be bombed without retort.

"We have an exceedingly powerful Air Force which will give the enemy a very bad time," he continued.

"Already, though operating at a great disadvantage, it has inflicted severe losses upon him."

"It has never yet met an enemy without numerical odds being in the enemy's favour. But remember what happened on the only occasion when they were operating from their own bases and the numerical odds were not utterly fantastic."

DON'T ASK ANGRY QUESTIONS

"During the evacuation from Dunkirk, the R.A.F. is known to have destroyed as many as 70 German aircraft in one day."

"Our airmen can still do even better and this time in their own skies."

Adding a word of warning, Mr. Eden said, "If some enemy planes get through, and they will, or if the sky above your head contains no British aircraft, don't ask angrily what the R.A.F. are doing."

"They will be bringing down enemy planes hundreds of miles away preventing damage to those things by which and through which we and our defence will live—the docks, factories, ships and aerodromes."

INVASION WILL BE UNCOMFORTABLE

Mr. Eden continued: "We have great numbers of machines and we are getting more every day, but we shall always have to use them where they can most harm the enemy. And do not forget our guns, with which this country is now bristling, nor our balloon barrage which caught a couple of raiders the other night."

"I cannot promise you that you will not be bombed but I can and do promise you that the lot of the invader will become increasingly unenviable."

"We are now a fortress—until the time comes to rally to attack. It is not sufficient merely to defeat an attack on these islands."

Mr. Eden said the 1,250,000 men under arms in this country had now been increased by the arrival of Australian and New Zealand contingents, and by the return of a large number of British and Allied troops from France.

Many of these men had met the enemy and were confident that they could beat him.

"WE ARE CONFIDENT"

"Never before have we had a greater number of soldiers on this island," Mr. Eden went on. "We are confident that we can throw a sufficient force against any enemy who attempts to land on our shores to attack him and defeat him."

"If he is able to run the gauntlet of our fleet and air force, or descend upon our land from the air, we shall be attacking the enemy in our own soil for our own homes, with all our forces under our own command unhampered by the necessity of sending supplies or reinforcements overseas."

READY FOR ANY TRIAL

"I can say this tonight in a spirit, tempered with optimism. I know we have to face hard and anxious times, but I also know that our strength and our spirit are sufficient for any trial."

"No battle can be won by standing on the defensive or even by a successful counter-attack alone. When the time comes, as assuredly it will, to carry the war against the enemy wherever he may be found, you can be certain that we shall do so with all our might."

"Already in other parts of the world we are achieving success in offensive operations. It is this offensive spirit which so clearly animates our forces in the Middle East. It augurs well for the future."

FRENCH VOLUNTEER LEGION BEING FORMED

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—It is announced that General de Gaulle is forming a French Volunteer Legion in Britain in full agreement with, and will have the financial backing of, the British authorities.

He is also setting up a French centre for armaments and scientific research, placing French brains at the disposal of the Allied cause.

The Legion will be recruited from French forces and men now in British soil.

Arrangements have been made for billeting and arming the first batch.

FRENCH WILL FIGHT ON

GIBRALTAR, June 27 (Reuter).—Reliable sources at Casablanca state that all French units have assured General Nogues, High Commissioner for Morocco, their determination to continue the fight.

It is reported from Casablanca that M. Daladier is under arrest in Casablanca.

True British Spirit

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—Speaking before the Overseas League, M. Andre Maurois, the great French writer, said that during the last few days, he had not heard one word of recrimination or resentment against France by his English friends.

"That only increases my admiration and respect for this country," he said, and he urged all to do everything in their power to maintain whatever happened, the spirit of friendship, for there were more common beliefs between France and England than between one of them and any other nation.

Continuation of work impossible



Continuation of work impossible

RACECOURSE MURDER

AGED MAN FOUND STABBED

Tong Yat-wing, 61-year-old travelling trader, was found lying dead at 6 a.m. yesterday in Happy Valley just opposite the grandstand staircase, with stab wounds in the neck and body.

His belt and empty purse were discovered 174 feet from where he was lying, and police, who are making inquiries, believe he was set upon by robbers.

Tong was a native of Hokkaido and resided at the Chuen On Boarding House, No. 133 Connaught Road Central.

New Enemy 'Drome Is Bombed

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—The Air Ministry announces that during yesterday's offensive patrols were flown by our fighters over enemy aerodromes near the French coast.

One of our patrols encountered a much larger formation of enemy fighters and shot down three without loss.

R.A.F. bombers made a daylight attack yesterday on the enemy-occupied aerodrome in Waalhaven and returned safely. Early this morning our bombers attacked the aerodrome recently completed by the enemy at Bomoch, near Bergen, and inflicted heavy damage. All our aircraft returned.

PHONE SERVICE

Special to H.K. Daily Press. PEKING, June 27 (Havas).—The Peking-Tokyo telephone service resumed yesterday after sudden interruption on June 18. The service routes through Hsinking.

FRANCE HAS NO IDEA WHAT PEACE TERMS ARE LIKE

BORDEAUX, June 27 (Reuter).—A statement issued by Havas declares that the French Government has no indication what the peace treaty will be like.

It is considered, however, that no study of this treaty should be undertaken immediately, and that the discussion on it should only be broached together with the whole question of Europe, when the war between Germany, Italy and Great Britain is over.

The Franco-German and Franco-Italian treaties will then be incorporated within the general peace treaties.

Concerning the relations between France and Britain, it is pointed out that there is not, properly speaking, a separate peace and that the armistice merely recognises the de facto situation, namely the end of hostilities.

FATE OF FRENCH EMPIRE IS MATTER OF CLOSE CONCERN, BUT

Many Do Not Know Much About It

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—The fate of the French Empire is a matter of close concern to all, but many do not know very much about it, said a Professor of Imperial History of Oxford University in a broadcast yesterday.

Do we realise that, like the British Empire, it is a great world-wide political and economic structure? That the French flag flies beside the British in Asia, Africa, America and in all the continents except Australasia? That the same complex of races in all quarters of the earth owe allegiance to the French Republic as they do to the British Crown?

The French Empire covers 4,250,000 square miles and contains nearly 65,000,000 people, he went on.

In one respect it is different from the British Empire. Frenchmen have always been more stay-at-home folk than Englishmen, Scotsmen and Welshmen. Except for the colony of the St. Lawrence which for many years past now has been happily incorporated in the Dominion of Canada, there are no large French communities overseas.

There are no dominions and no commonwealth of nations. The nearest approach to a dominion is Algeria, which was occupied 100 years ago. About 1,000,000 Frenchmen live there, beside some 6,000,000 Arabs.

Algeria has a Governor-General and a Consultative Council, but it is not independent like the British Dominions.

On the contrary, just as its life and physical characteristics are very much the same as those of southern France, so it is treated politically as a part of France. The Government is, or was until recently, controlled from Paris. Its representatives sit in the French Parliament, three in the Senate and 10 in the Chamber of Deputies.

TREATY DRAFTED

France has three other territories on the Mediterranean—Tunisia, between Algeria and Italian Libya, with a European population of over 220,000, of whom over half are French; Deserta, where a naval base has been built; and French Morocco.

Tunisia and Morocco are not annexed like Algeria but are protectorates, and their life is that of the Arab world.

At the eastern end of the Mediterranean are Syria and Lebanon, which, like Palestine, are mandated territory. A treaty was drafted to make them independent states in alliance with France, but with the outbreak of war, it has not been ratified.

Out in the Far East is Indo-China, running from the south Chinese border along the China Sea and which includes Cochin-China and the protectorates of Cambodia, Annam, Tonkin and Laos.

This country has an area of nearly 300,000 square miles and a population of over 24,000,000. To the south-east in the Pacific there are French islands as well as British in the South Seas, and New Caledonia is the most important.

Across the Pacific in the Americas, we again have the French flag beside the British in the little islands off Newfoundland, the French West Indies and French Guiana.

AFRICAN EMPIRE

And so across to Africa again, and here the largest part of the French Empire is to be found, for no less than one-third of the African continent belongs to France. Besides the Mediterranean territories already mentioned, there are two great groups of Colonies—French West Africa, which stretches across the Sahara and the plains from the Atlantic to the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan; and French Equatorial Africa, which continues these areas down to the River Congo.

Except for four British colonies and one or two Spanish colonies, practically the whole north-western quarter of the African continent thus belongs to France.

There is also a small colony on the east coast—French Somaliland, between British Somaliland and Italian Eritrea. French Somaliland contains the important port of Djibouti.

Further south are Madagascar together with the Reunion and Comoro Islands in the Indian Ocean. Madagascar is nearly 1,000 miles long and is the third largest island in the world.

The French Empire is thus a world empire like that of Britain and, like the British Empire, its resources in manpower and raw materials are enormous.

PEOPLE KEPT IN DARK

NEW YORK, June 27 (Reuter).—Commenting on the fact that the French nation was not told of the Armistice terms until Tuesday night, the New York Herald Tribune says the Bordeaux Government apparently feared its own people. It surrendered the country without consulting them and kept the truth of surrender from them until it was too late for any popular reaction to upset the terms.

Germany, Fleet Depleted, Realises Policeman's Job Not So Simple After All!

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—In co-operation with the R.A.F. naval and military forces yesterday carried out successful reconnaissance of enemy coast line, states a communiqué from the Ministry of Information.

Landings were effected at a number of points and contact was made with the German troops. Casualties were inflicted and some of the enemy dead fell into our hands. Much useful information was obtained and our forces suffered no casualties.

The fact that landings were effected at a number of points and contacts made is a reminder of the vast responsibility now assumed by Germany, a semi-official spokesman commented yesterday.

Germany is now attempting to hold the entire northern coast of the continent, from North Cape through Norway, Denmark, Germany, Holland, Belgium and France down to the Spanish border and Germany's naval forces are greatly depleted.

In the Channel ports, Allied troops were able, so, before they left, wreck many of the defences and harbour works.

Another reminder of Germany's heavy responsibilities is contained in an Air Ministry communiqué of successful air patrols on Northern France and Norway.

WAITED FOR COMPLETION

This communiqué states that on Tuesday, offensive patrols by our fighters were carried out over many aerodromes in France. One of our patrols met a much larger formation of German fighters and shot down three without any loss.

Later, a commentary from the Air Ministry describing patrols over Norway states: "The new aerodrome, near Bergen, was left in flames by a coastal command squadron. Constant watch over Norway revealed the construction of this new landing ground. Coastal command bombers waited until the work was almost finished, and then raided it. Many bombs were dropped on the runway and incendiary bombs set the barracks and the surrounding woods afire. The planes then flew low and machine-gunned the huts and wood. Before they left, our planes counted 40 fires on and around the aerodrome."

Sumatra Maru Detained In Karachi

JAPAN SURPRISED AT MOVE

TOKYO, June 27 (Reuter).—News of the detention of the Sumatra Maru, 5,883 tons by the Indian Authorities in Karachi, which reached Kobe by cable, caused surprise here.

The telegram stated that the ship was preparing to leave Karachi for Bombay on June 24, when she was suddenly delayed by the port authorities.

The message added that there is no prospect of the vessel being released for at least five days.

The Sumatra Maru, owned by the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, is on the Calcutta run.

CONTE ROSSO IN LISBON

LISBON, June 27 (Reuter).—The liner Conte Rosso, with the British Ambassador in Rome and the Embassy Staff members of the South African Legation with their families, numbering 14 in all, the Indian Trade Commissioner in Milan and his Indian assistants, and some 280 British subjects from Italy arrived here shortly after the Monarch of Bermuda, which is bringing a corresponding Italian party from Britain.

The passengers include 128 women and children.

The treatment of the whole party by the Italian authorities was exemplary throughout.

JAPANESE REPULSED

YUNGKUN, June 27 (Central).—The Japanese troops driving from Shumchun to Pingshan, about 14 miles northeast, are reported to have been repulsed. They fled to Lungkung and Wangkung, respectively about 15 and 9 miles northeast of Shumchun.

WASHINGTON, June 27 (Reuter).—Mr. Cordell Hull announced yesterday that the liners Washington and Manhattan were sailing shortly for Galway and Lisbon to evacuate more Americans from the war zone.

FINAL VICTORY WILL BE CHINA'S

SHANGHAI, June 27 (Reuter).—Praise for the rapid social, military, political and economic reconstruction progress in the north-west provinces was voiced by Mr. Tan Kah Kee, Chairman of the China Relief Association in Singapore, upon his return to Chengtu yesterday, after an extensive tour of inspection, says the Shunpao.

The north-west provinces, Mr. Tan stated, had increased in importance under China's national resistance. He felt confident that a final victory will be China's.

Mr. Tan and his party will shortly resume a tour of the South China provinces before returning to Singapore.

Spectre Of A Disastrous Famine Threatens Europe

PHILADELPHIA, June 27 (Reuter).—"A spectre of the most disastrous famine in history is overhanging Europe," declared Mr. Herbert Hoover at a Press Conference yesterday.

He said, "If war continues for many months, the problem of feeding Europe's millions will be unparalleled in the history of human suffering."

He predicted Brussels will be foodless within 30 to 60 days, unless assistance is forthcoming. He had communicated with the

British, German and Belgian Governments, seeking permission for some sort of third-party intervention to feed the starving, because private charity would not handle the situation.

He recalled it took 25,000,000 monthly to feed Belgium during the last war.

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HONG KONG SHOPPE

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BIG SELECTION
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DAY & AFTERNOON DRESSES
EVENING GOWNS
HATS.

Gloucester Arcade.

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ON
OUR ENTIRE STOCK

OVER 400 DRESSES
HATS From \$3.00.

RIVELLE

Tel. 33185

Gloucester Arcade

GLAMOUR FOR EVENING:

MAKE-UP STYLES MUST BE VARIED

MAKE-UP STYLES are just as varied as clothes styles, and just as you change your clothes for sport, the theatre or ball-room, so should you also change the colours and the method of application of your make-up.

Make-up, like everything else, has its place, and the make-up which is used on the tennis court is quite out of place indoors. A simple rule to remember is, the closer you are to nature, the more natural your make-up should be.

IF YOU ARE PLAYING TENNIS your make-up should be as natural as possible, but if you are going to a theatre or ballroom you are then entitled to be extra colourful and glamorous.

SIMPLE RULING:

A simple ruling on the subject, and one which can be easily memorized, is as follows: for dining be as glamorous as possible, for the theatre be slightly more natural, and for office and out-of-doors be as natural as possible.

By following these simple rules it means that you are then allowed to blossom into full brilliance at night, and, as artificial light calls for a heavy make-up, you will be able to hide many small imperfections which are noticeable during the daytime, and develop into a glamorous beauty as soon as the lights are shaded.

EVENING MAKE-UP:

Your evening make-up should begin with a thorough skin-cleansing and toning. Your ordinary face creams and lotions will suffice for this purpose, although, if you are in a great hurry, and the face feels hot, tired, and dirty, you can give it a quick wipe over with diluted eau de Cologne which will also form an excellent powder base.

FACE POWDER:

Your face powder should be very carefully selected. If the skin is fair and dry, a very light-textured and greasy-based powder should be obtained. If the skin is at all oily, a heavier-based powder should be used. The powder should first be applied with a small piece of cotton wool and finally smoothed and blended with a light hand-drawn puff for blonde, fair skin, or a lambdwool puff for dark skin.

The shade of powder used should be of a lighter shade than that which is worn during the day. Day powders have the unhappy habit of appearing dull and heavy under artificial light.

CAREFUL BLENDING:

Dip your cotton wool in the powder and dab it lightly on the nose, cheeks, forehead, and under the chin, then lightly spread it all over the face until the whole is evenly blended. Then take your puff and a little more powder and evenly cover the whole of the skin. And now, with your complexion brush, which is an absolute necessity on every dressing



Rita Johnson selects a minute bonnet in which straw brim rests jauntily over the eye. The trimming is of bright green grosgrain.

table, remove all the surplus powder with the brush, and then give a light dusting with your empty puff.

Then very lightly rub your fingers over the face with a downwards movement, so that the tiny hairs on the face which have been raised with the powder puff will be smoothed down and thus give a better finish to the make-up.

If your face flushes and becomes very red, thus embarrassing you, try using a green powder. If you have never tried this colour, you may think that it may make you appear rather bizarre, but this is not the case, and it is certainly not as startling as it may sound. For concealing a red nose, try red veins, or flushed face it is excellent.

BRILLIANT EYES:

The eyes and the eyelashes should be very brilliant. They are one beauty point which you simply must emphasize, and, even though you may not be in the habit of using eye shadow during the daytime, you must use it at night time. Eye shadow will give your eyes a depth and brilliance which is very attractive, but do be careful and not overdo the application. Just the faintest trace is all that is necessary.

And finally remember that a change of make-up means a change of mood, therefore why wear your natural day make-up when you can turn into a glamorous beauty at night-time?

Round The Shops

SUMMER IS AT ITS HEIGHT NOW, and, despite the rain, its hot and sticky and summer sales are going on in many of Hongkong's fashion houses. Looking smart is a hard task under these conditions, but thank goodness, we have the shops to help us. They know all about everything and are ready with advice and attention for every need.

Lastex Girdles:

LANE, CRAWFORD'S, for instance, have a new line to offer this week. They have just received a shipment of the newest light-weight scandal girdles turned out in the lastex texture. They are really the most comfortable and daintiest of this particular article of feminine attire. Lane, Crawford's offer them in four different styles in delicate shell-pink tones—there are the panties, the ordinary weight, the reinforced front and the models with whalebone stiffening that can be detached for washing. These models set off the figure to perfection and are available in a variety of sizes. They should prove popular buys this week.

Special Sale:

MAYO'S, in the Arcade, are announcing a Special Sale this week, when a variety of goods are being offered to their customers at 25 per cent. off the usual price. Really, Mayo's have the largest selection of day, afternoon and evening dresses and hats to choose from and every one of their models is up to fashion's latest demand. They have a huge variety of sizes in stock in some of the most pleasing and fascinating colours, designs and styles. It is not often that the womenfolk of Hongkong are offered such splendid value for their money.

Another Sale:

RIVELLE, also in the Arcade, announces a Half-Price Sale. And when one steps into her shop and looks around, one cannot help wondering at her keenness to please her customers. She has a grand display of over 400 dresses for all occasions, all attractively turned out in charming styles. For morning wear, for afternoon tea and for the more formal evening functions Rivelle has just the right thing, not forgetting the hats which are a special accessory to all summer styles. And all these at just half the usual price, with hats especially priced at from only \$3! An early visit to Rivelle will prove really profitable.

DO YOU KNOW YOUR LEMON GARNISH?

Do you make the most of lemon to bring out flavour in other foods? A plate of lemon quarters may well take its place on the table along with the salt and pepper shaker, for in any meal there is always some food the flavour of which can be enhanced by lemon. Lemon quarters or slices are most practical for juice. With a sharp knife, cut a lemon lengthwise in four or six pieces. These lemon pieces may be squeezed without getting juice on the fingers.

They are decorative additions to the foods they accompany, as are lemon slices, plain or cut in fancy shapes. To heighten the decorative effect, the lemon may itself be garnished with chopped mint, pimiento strips and parsley.

BEAUTY HINT SECRETS



Miss Rutherford applies a creamy, moist make-up only to the tip of the upper lip. This avoids the artificial look of beaded lips.

NEW ADRIAN CREATION



JOAN CRAWFORD has red, white and blue for her evening gown, which was specially designed for the star. It is an all-over pleated formal gown. The bodice has a deep V-neckline in both back and front, with drapes of bright red coming from the waistline in the back, over the shoulder and down to the twelve-yard hem of the skirt. Keeping the fullness closely to the waist is a girdle of red, white and blue crepe. Joan's only jewellery is an antique bracelet set in sapphires and rubies.

MAKE SOILED CREPE LOOK LIKE NEW

Crepe that has become soiled can be made to look like new by holding it stretched tightly between the hands over a steaming kettle. A wet cloth also be done in the same way.

BARE KNEE FASHION:

NEWEST THING UNDER THE STYLE SUN

BARE KNEE FASHIONS ARE THE NEWEST THING UNDER THE STYLE SUN.

They're the fashion mart's latest formula for comfort in climbing fences, bowling, golfing and the like. They combine a short skirt cut off three inches above the knee cap and long socks cut off two inches below it—and they leave your knee as bare as your face. "Made up" too with just as artistic a touch.

THEY'RE GOING TO GIVE

Men a new reason for interest in women's fashions. As a matter of fact they've been swiped from a page in the book of men's styles. Men in Scotch kilts and Tyrolese shorts have been leaving their knees exposed for a good many years.

Tilt Your Kneecaps!

So tilt your kneecaps, ladies, and step into summer's new kilts. They're meant for any woman with a good trim figure. Not just the youngsters.

The skirts are of two kinds—a pleated version in men's wear gray flannel or a circular cut of two-toned beige checked tweed. They're all worn over ribbed tights of the same colour as the skirt, so that if you tip head-first over that fence you have nothing to worry about except the spot where you land.

Smart Tops:

The skirts are worn with very smart tops—a long sleeved cardigan, a pullover or a much-pocketed square-cut little boy's jacket. (Notice that most of them are the kind of top that doesn't part company easily with skirts.) They come in a lot of say colours—sun yellow, tanager, red, burnt green and a sober navy blue.

The socks of cable-knit wool are dyed in colours to match them and knit with elasticated tops to do away with the problem of garters. Headlines are small brimmed sports-hats worn far back on the head; footnotes are oxfords with cork and crepe rubber soles.

SANDALS—SMART AND SENSIBLE

LOW-HEELED SHOS are to the fore in new seasons trends. Women are walking more and need practical styles. They are keeping high-heeled pairs for evening wear and occasional festive days and are wearing crepe-soled shoes or the classic flat sandal for everyday occasions.

Varied Fashions:

Sandal fashions are extremely varied. Gaborline will be smart; it is harder wearing than suede. Calt, patent natural straw and printed fabric are other materials used; navy blue, burgundy, black and red being the most fashionable shades. Rainbow shoes, made of strips of different coloured suede, will also be a summer fashion.

Decorative Sole:

The decorative sole is featured. Navy blue wedge style sandals may have narrow half-inch red soles merging into heels of the same colour, or sole and heel may be outlined by a red leather stripe.

Plaited styles are favoured. In patent, they tie with ribbon bows. For holiday wear there are plaid or chintz patterned fabric sandals, wedge shaped, with gold buckle or tassel fastening.

Beauty Tips...

Scientist says deodorants and toilet waters are the most inexpensive form of perfume that you can use. Eau de Cologne makes a nice wave-set and is grand for dampening the ends of your hair before you roll them on curls. Use toilet water or eau de Cologne lavishly after your bath to give your person a delicate and lasting fragrance.

Beware of a clash between the perfume you use and the scent of the flowers in your corsage when you are dressing for a formal party. If your flowers have a strong, definite fragrance like gardenia, use a perfume in the same flower fragrance, or use a light, delicately scented eau de Cologne as a background for the natural fragrance of the blossoms.

NEW WOOL FROM OLD

Home-knitted jumpers that have grown too shabby to wear and yet are good otherwise, should not be thrown away now, as wool is difficult to get and expensive.

Unravel all the good parts of the jumper. Often part of the sleeve opposite the elbow and parts under the arm, where the wool is thickened with wear, are best left out. Then take the ball of unraveled wool and form it into hanks by winding it over the back of two chairs.

Two members of the household can help to keep the wool taut by sitting on the chairs to prevent their being dragged closer together with the tightening wool. Tie the strands together at three or four places, so as not to knot the wool when washing it.

A fairly soapy water is best for washing, then rinse, and put through the wringer three times. Hang up to dry.



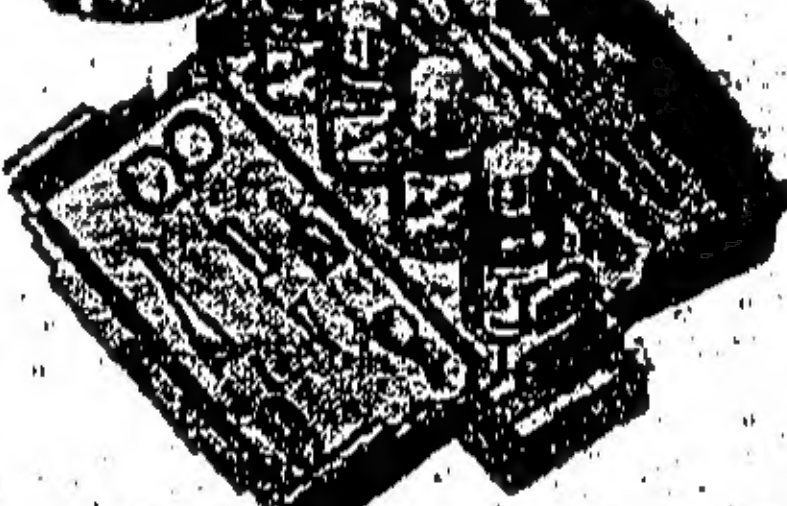
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CREME NAIL POLISH



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OFFICE-HOUR MAKE-UP? CERTAINLY

BUT KEEP IT "IN CHARACTER"

THE WORKING-HOUR MAKE-UP OF GIRLS whose daytimes are spent in business offices should not be identical with that which is glamorously correct for the cafe or night club appearances in the evening.

REMEMBER

IT SHOULD ALSO BE REMEMBERED that these observations on what is correct in make-up grooming for the office worker are even more applicable to the girl who would like to be an office girl, but isn't in other words, a girl who is out looking for a job.

Prospective employers have been known to shy away from employing an overly-make-up applicant for a position.

What this all amounts to is that every detail of personal grooming should always be appropriately "in character" with the time and place of its use.

FOUNDATION

THE BUSINESS WOMAN or office worker will find it particularly advantageous to "tidy" her facial grooming for the day with a make-up foundation or one of the new and non-perishable sponged-on pan-cake make-ups.

Such preliminary foundations for the make-up structure prove immediately valuable in eliminating the need of make-up repairs during office hours. This is a point which no office-working girl should overlook. An employer rarely, naturally disapproves of too much of the time, for which he is paying wages, being devoted to the re-habilitation of gone-away make-up.

For office hours, or general time wear, make-up may sensibly be used to supply colour to naturally drab eyelashes. However, it shouldn't be used thickly and liberally as a means

of building up the lashes to an appearance of thick luxuriance. This practice is to a degree allowable for soft-lighted evening appointments, but not for daytime and the office.

LIPSTICKING

FOR THE OFFICE, lip make-up should be somewhat more restrained in both pattern and colour than it is for night-time appearances. The lipstick should be applied very thinly and evenly, with all surplus being carefully removed.

Lip gloss, while it does add a glamorous sheen to the lips for the evening, is generally inadvisable for business hour use.

Also, even though the outline of the lips may be somewhat extended to glamourous advantage for the evening appearances, it is generally advisable to range them only within their natural boundaries during the daytime, business hours. Too alluring curvatures should be avoided during the daytime, and reserved for the evening.

COIFFURES

ELABORATE COIFFURES which will inevitably need frequent repairs are also unbusiness-like and should be avoided for business office wear.

If such a coiffure is allowed to disintegrate with no attempt being made to re-do it, this is obviously a furtherance of the unbusiness-like attitude.

And even if the coiffure repair is accomplished with attractive results, the whole proceeding is still unbusiness-like. Employers are quite widely inclined to the preference that their employees' office hours be devoted to a bit of work, not to the doing or redoing of coiffures.

PICNIC BUTTER

Now unwinding the butter look at a picnic in the warm weather. Try putting the butter into rather a squat jar, so that it is easy to get to with a knife, and jam a piece of ice down into the middle of it. The ice will not melt, and the butter will be nice and firm.

FOREIGN MARKETS & QUOTATIONS

BANKS

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

JUNE 27, 1940.

On London:—	
Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 7/8	
Bank Bills on demand 1/2 7/8	
Credits 4 months sight 1/2 1/8	
On Shanghai:—	
On demand 370	
On Singapore:—	
On demand 98 3/4	
On Japan:—	
On demand 97	
On India:—	
Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 1/8	
On demand 1/2 1/8	
On New York:—	
Bank Bills on demand 23	
Credits 60 days sight 24 3/8	
On Batavia:—	
On demand 43	
On Paris:—	
Bank Bills on demand 108 5	
Credits 4 months sight 110 5	
On Saigon:—	
On demand 108 3/4	
On Manila:—	
On demand 46	
On Bangkok:—	
On demand 149 1/2	
On Sterling Notes:—	
Bank Buying Rate 1/2 1/4	
Bar Silver per oz. 21 1/4	

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, June 27 (Reuter).

Official T.T. Rates

	Opening	Closing
London	0/3-3/4	0/3-3/4
New York	5-3/4	5-3/4
Japan	21-3/4	21-3/4
India	20-3/4	20-3/4
Paris	nominal	nominal
Hongkong	24-7/8	24-7/8

Sterling

Sellers

	Opening	Closing
Spot	0/3-59/64	0/3-15/16
June	0/3-59/64	0/3-15/16
July	0/3-57/64	0/3-29/32
U.S. Dollars		
Spot	86-1/8	86-5/32
June	8-1/8	8-5/32
July	8-1/32	8-1/16

Silver Duty Rate

The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. today was 1/2-1/24.

The Equalisation rate was 12 per cent.

Calcutta Exchange

Calcutta, June 26 (Reuter).

T.T. on Japan, 90-1/2

India Rupee Paper

Bombay, June 26 (Reuter).

Government 3 1/2% Rupee, 85-0-0 nominal.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

London, June 26.

The following quotations are the middle prices at the close of the market in London. All quotations are subject to confirmation and no responsibility is assumed for errors in transmission.

War Loan 3 1/2% (Red)	98 1/2
After 1925	
Canton-K'loon Ry. 5%	8
Chinese 4 1/2% Gold Loan	
1898 (Brit. Issue)	43
Chinese 5% Gold Bonds	
1924-27	43
Chin. 4 1/2% Anglo-French	
Loan, 1908	44
Chinese 5% Crisp Loan	
1912	17
Chinese 5% Foreign Loan	
1913 (Ldn. Iss.)	24
Chinese 5% Ster. Notes	
1925 (Vickers)	8
Chin. Imperial Ry. 5%	
Loan	50
Homan Ry. 5%	12
Hukwang Ry. 5%, 1911	
(L.P. N.Y. Issue)	14
Hukwang Ry. 5%, 1911	
(German Issue)	11
Lung Taiing & U. Hai	
Ry. 5% 1913	11
S'hai-N'king Ry. 5%	15
Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5%	
(Brit. Stpd.)	9
Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5%	
(German Stpd.)	9
Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5%	
(Brit. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	9
Tientsin-Pukow Ry. 5%	
(Ger. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	9
Jap. 5% Ster. Loan, 1907	
Jap. 5% Ster. Loan, 1924	28
Ger. 7 1/2% Int'l. Loan, 1924	5
Chartered Bank	5
H.K. & S'hai Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	55
H.K. & S'hai Bank (Col. Reg.)	80
Chinese Eng. & Mining (bearer)	17/6

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATION

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

JUNE 27, 1940.

STOCKS	Last Sale	STOCKS	Last Sale
June 26	June 26	June 26	June 26
Adams Express	5 1/2	Kennecott Copper	25 1/2
Allegheny Steel Co.	20 1/2	Lakey Foundry & Mac.	3 1/2
Allied Stores	5 1/2	Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	32 1/2
Allis Chalmers	26 1/2	Lockheed Aircraft	23 1/2
Aluminium Ltd.	55	Loew's Inc.	23 1/2
Amer. Can.	9 1/2	off Incorporated	23 1/2
American Cyanamid B.	34 1/2	Mack Truck Inc.	20
Amer. & Foreign Power	14	Martin, Glen L.	27 1/2
Amer. & Foreign P't. pf.	15 1/2	McKesson & Robbins, pf.	20 1/2
American Gas & Elec.	31 1/2	Montgomery Ward	90 1/2
Amer. Locomotive	12 1/2	National Aviation	9 1/2
Amer. Metals Co.	13 1/2	Nat. Dairy Products	13
Amer. Radiator	5 1/2	Nat. Distillers	18 1/2
Amer. Rolling Mill	11	National Gypsum	6 1/2
Amer. S'ing and P'ing Co.	36	National Lead	16 1/2
Amer. Sugar Refining	13 1/2	Nat. Power & Light	7 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	156 1/2	National Steel Corp.	55 1/2
Amer. Tobacco "B"	76 1/2	National Supply Corp.	5 1/2
Amer. Waterworks	8 1/2	New York Central	11 1/2
Asaconda Copper	20 1/2	Niagara Hudson Power	4 1/2
Atchafalpa, T. & S. Fe.	15 1/2	N. American Aviation	16
Aviation Corp.	4 1/2	North American Co.	18 1/2
Bacoco & Wilcox	23 1/2	Northern Pacific	5 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive	14 1/2	Owens-Illinois Glass Co.	46
Baltimore & Ohio	3 1/2	Pacific Gas & Elec.	29
Barber Asphalt Co.	9 1/2	Pacific Lighting	38
Barnsdall Oil	8 1/2	Packard Motors	3 1/2
Bell Aircraft Corp.	14 1/2	Pan-American Airways	13 1/2
Bendix Aviation	27	Paramount Pictures	5
Bethlehem Steel	72 1/2	Pennsylvania R.R.	18 1/2
Bliss & Co.	13 1/2	Phelps-Dodge	27 1/2
Boeing Airplane Co.	13 1/2	Philadelphia Read. Coal	1
Borg-Warner	15	Phillips Petroleum	31 1/2
Bridgeport Brass Corp.	8 1/2	Pittsburgh Coke & Iron	6 1/2
Briggs Mfg.	18 1/2	Public Service of N.J.	34 1/2
Brooklyn-M'hattan Trans.	19 1/2	Pullman Inc.	20 1/2
Budd M'facturing Corp.	34	Pure Oil	7 1/2
Canadian Pacific R-way	2 1/2	Radio Corp. of Am.	4 1/2
Case, J.I.	46 1/2	Reading Company, Can.	11 1/2
Celanese	25	Remington Arms Co., Inc.	44
Chesapeake & Ohio	35 1/2	Republic Aviation Corp.	4 1/2
Chrysler Corp.	60 1/2	Republic Steel	16 1/2
Climax-Molybdenum Co.	27	Revere Cop. & Brass Inc.	9
Colts Patent Fire-Arms	75	Reynold Tobacco "B"	36 1/2
Columbia Gas & Elec.	5 1/2	Richfield Oil	7 1/2
Columbia 8% "A" pf.	80	Safeway Stores	41
Commercial Credit Co.	28	Schenley Distillers	8
Com. & Southern (Ord.)	1 1/2	Sears Roebuck	7 1/2
Consolidated Edison	27	Shell Union Oil	8 1/2
Consolidated Oil	6 1/2	Socony-Vacuum Oil	8 1/2
Continental Can.	39 1/2	Southern Pacific	7 1/2
Continental Oil	17 1/2	Southern Ry. 5% pf.	17 1/2
Copperweld Steel	18	Sperry	36 1/2
Corn Products	48	Spicer Manufacturing Co.	25 1/2
Curtis Wright (C)	7	Standard Brands	5 1/2
Curtis Wright "A"	23 1/2	Stand Gas & Elec.	1 1/2
Deere & Co.	15 1/2	Standard Oil of California	18 1/2
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	14	Standard Oil of N.J.	33 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	87	Stone & Webster	8
Du Pont de Nemours	156 1/2	Studebaker Com.	6 1/2
Eagle Picher Lead	8 1/2	Swift International	17 1/2
Eaton Mfg. Co.	29 1/2	Technicolor	9 1/2
Elec. Autolite	30 1/2	Texas Corp.	37 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	5 1/2	Texas Gulf Sulphur	30 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share 5% pf.	83 1/2	Thimken-Axle	22 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share 8% pf.	64 1/2	Trans-America Co.	4 1/2
Elec. Power & Light 7 1/2 pf.	28 1/2	20th Cent. Fox	6 1/2
Fisk Rubber	10 1/2	20th Cent. Fox 5 1/2 pf.	15 1/2
Flintkote	12 1/2	Union Bag & Paper Corp.	10 1/2
Gen. American Trans.	42	Union Carbide & Carbon	67
Gen. Electric	31 1/2	Union Pacific	7 1/2
Gen. Motors	42	United Aircraft	33 1/2
Gen. Railway Signal	10 1/2	United Airlines Trans.	18 1/2
Gen. Tire & Rubber	12 1/2	United Corp.	2 1/2
Glidden Co.	12 1/2	United Corp. 3 1/2 pf.	33
Goodrich (B.F.)	12 1/2	United Gas Corp.	1 1/2
Goodrich 5% pf.	49 1/2	United Gas Improvement	1 1/2
Goodyear Tire & Co.	14 1/2	U.S. Industrial Alcohol	17 1/2
Great Northern Iron Ore	13 1/2	U.S. Rubber	19 1/2
Great Northern Ry. pf.	20 1/2	U.S. Rubber 5% pf.	77 1/2
Great Western Sugar	21	U.S. Steel	50 1/2
Greyhound Corp.	11 1/2	Vanadium	30 1/2
Hercules Powder Co.	83	Valtec Aircraft	6 1/2
Homestake Mining	43 1/2	Walworth Co.	3 1/2
International Harvester	37 1/2	Warner Bros. Pict.	2 1/2
Int. Nickel	20 1/2	Westinghouse Elec.	83 1/2
Int. Paper & Power	12 1/2	Woodward Iron Cor.	22
Int. Tel. & Tel.	21 1/2	Chase National Bank	—
Johns-Manville	53 1/2	National City Bank	—
J. & Laughlin Steel 7 1/2 pf.	57 1/2		

*Mid. - ex div.

DOW JONES AVERAGE

June 27, 1940.

High Low Dow Jones Average June 26, High Low Close Change

155.92 111.84 30 Industrials 131.05 120.74 118.87 119.73 1.22 off

25.90 23.15 20 Rails 25.94 25.37 24.88 25.19 .05 off

24.70 18.50 20 Utilities 21.41 21.09 20.58 21.25 .06 off

28.22 21.08 40 Bonds 28.72 28.50 28.50 28.50 0

30.67 45.59 11 Commodity Index 31.68 31.90 31.90 32 up

*Business Done - 630,000 shares

Chosen Corporation	6/6	Rolls Royce	48/9
Pekin Syndicate	2	Leyland Motors	30
S'hai Elec. Constr. Co.	15	Tate & Lyle	38/3
S'hai Waterworks "A"	12 1/2	Turner & Newall	43/9
Union Insurance	20	United Steel	12/6
Gala Kalumpung Rubber	15	Smithwick Drop (Borg)	11/3
Allied Ironfounders	7/8	Armstrong Stevens, ord.	5/8
Asso. & Elec. Industries	28/3	Pressed Steel, com.	8/9
Austin Motors, ord.	8/9	Vickers, ord.	9/9
Cable & Wireless, New	30	Woolworths	39
Form, ord.	30	Anglo-Dutch	15
B-A. Tob. (bearer)	55/7 1/2	Rub. Plant Invest. Trust	20/6
Mercantile Bank	11 1/2	Burma Corporation	7
Cannell Laird, ord.	4	Commonwealth Mining	—
Mexican Eagle	2/7 1/2	Marsman Investments	8/10 1/2
Courtauld	21	Randfontein Estates	28/3
Distillers	47	Western Holdings	6
Dunlop Rubber	20/9	Sub-Nigel	157/6
Gen. Electric (England)	53/9	Tanzani Gold Mining	34
Guinness, (A) Son & Co.	48/3	Anglo-Iranian	25
Hawker Siddeley Airc.	6/6	Burmah	35/7 1/2
Bristol Aeroplane	7	Shell Trans. & Trad.	—
Imperial Chemical Ind.	19/3	(bearer)	30
Imperial Tobacco	68/9	2% nominal	—
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	25	1-ex-dividend	—

PAYNE & CO.

COMMODITY BROKERS

STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING

HONGKONG

COMMODITY MARKET REVIEW

(FROM PAYNE & CO.)

NEW YORK, June 26, 1940.

SINGAPORE RUBBER

Previous Close June 26

S P O T

JULY-SEPT.

OCT-DEC.

The market was quiet.

LONDON RUBBER

Previous close Today's close

S P O T

JULY

AUGUST

OCT-DEC.

The market was quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON: July position is firm under the strength

of the spot situation. Further tightening of old crops is indicated.

NEW YORK RUBBER: There was heavy short covering on the

uncertainty with regard to Far Eastern developments.

CHICAGO WHEAT: Hedging was light, reports of rust damage

from the Spring areas continuing.

NEW YORK STOCKS: Previous close, 121.05; Today's close,

119.73; Change, off 1.32.

NEW YORK COMMODITY MARKET

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

	High	Low	Close	Change
New York Cotton, July	10.28	10.08	10.07	.19 up
New York Rubber, July	21.85	21.50	21.51	.09 up
Chicago Wheat, Sept.	78 1/2	77 1/2	78 1/2	1 up
Chicago Corn, Sept.	59 1/2	58 1/2	59 1/2	1 off
New York Hides, Sept.	10.28	9.90	10.16	.09 up
NEW YORK COTTON				
July	10.07/08	10.06/08	10.06/27	.19 up
July (New contract)	10.30 N	10.28/27	10.42 1/2	.19 up
October (")	9.12/13	9.10/10	9.18/20	.06 up
December (")	8.94/96	8.94/94	9.06/08	.10 up
January (")	8.85 N	8.83/83	8.96 1/2	.11 up
March (")	8.58/70	8.56/66	8.80/80	.12 up
May (")	8.53/53	8.52/52	8.84 1/2	.11 up
Spot	10.82 N		10.96 1/2	.14 up

Total sales Tuesday - 2,700 bales.

NEW YORK RUBBER

July

September

December

January

March

May

Total sales - 2,440 tons.

CHICAGO WHEAT

July

September

December

Tuesday's sales - 13,341,000 bushels.

CHICAGO CORN

July

September

December

WINNIPEG WHEAT

July

October

December

NEW YORK HIDES

September

December

New York Official

NY-London Cross Rate 3.73

3.75-1/4

SILVER MARKET

LONDON SILVER

London, June 26 (Reuter).

Silver: Little bear covering.

Market steady. Business small.

Market steady. In the afternoon,

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China Clipper Arrives In Hongkong**DORADO IN FROM BANGKOK**

Pan American Airways China Clipper (Capt. Bancroft) arrived at Kai Tak yesterday afternoon from Manila, bringing U.S. Mails dated San Francisco, June 18. She brought.

CAPT. WILLIAM H. MULLINS, master mariner, of New York City, who is on a business trip for his company, the North Negro Sugar Milling Co., whose head offices are in Manila;

MERCEDES DE MORAS, resident of Manila, on a pleasure trip to the Colony;

MR. CORAZON ROQUE, Filipino Real Estate operator of Manila, on a business trip to Hongkong;

MR. LEONARD J. COOTE, executive of L.R. Nielsen & Co., Manila, on a business trip to Hongkong, accompanied by his wife, KATHRYN COOTE;

MR. LEE K. BLESSING, also connected with L.R. Nielsen & Co., Manila, and accompanying Mr. and Mrs. Coote;

MR. REIGNSON C. CHEN, an executive of the China Banking Corporation, returning to Hongkong;

MR. CHURCHILL SCOTT, executive of Marsman & Co., Manila, on a business trip to Hongkong; and The following Chinese merchants on a business trip to the Colony: Messrs. Hap Kaw, Shen K. Sooyi and Pak Co.

The China Clipper leaves on her return flight to Manila, en route to San Francisco, this morning.

Pan American Airways next inward Clipper—the California Clipper—is scheduled to arrive in

WEATHER REPORT

Hongkong Royal Observatory

10 a.m., June 27.

Barometer (at sea level), 29.89

ins.

Temperature, 85 F.

Humidity, 81 per cent.

Wind Direction, S.

Wind Force (Beaufort), 4.

Temperature: maximum yesterday, 88 F.

Temperature: minimum last night, 81 F.

Rainfall for 24 hrs. ending 10th

today, 0.08 ins.

Total rainfall since January 1st

82.32 ins.

Against an average of 36.63 ins.

Sunset tonight, 7.11 p.m.

Sunrise tomorrow, 5.41 a.m.

4 p.m., June 27.

Barometer (at sea level), 29.82 ins.

Temperature, 85 F.

Humidity, 81 per cent.

Wind Direction, S.

Wind Force (Beaufort), 4.

Maximum temperature, 83 F.

Minimum temperature, 81 F.

Rainfall, nil.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 28 June to 4 July 1940.

Days of Week	Date of Month	HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
		Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Fri.	28	h.m.	h.m.	h.m.	h.m.
		04 04	4.7	09 24	3.9
Sat.	29	13 05	4.6	21 26	3.4
		04 39	5.1	11 15	3.6
Sun.	30	15 18	4.1	22 11	3.6
		05 10	5.4	12 24	3.1
Mon.	1	17 16	3.7	23 58	2.7
		06 41	5.7	13 12	3.4
Tue.	2	18 50	3.6	24 45	2.9
		08 19	6.3	—	—
Wed.	3	20 05	3.7	13 55	1.8
		09 58	6.6	07 30	2.9
Thur.	4	21 09	3.9	14 35	1.3
		07 29	7.1	01 15	2.9
		21 43	4.1	15 16	0.7

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THE BANK LINE (CHINA) LTD.**PASSENGERS****ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES**

The following arrived in Hongkong on an American ship from the South yesterday:

Mr. Harry Barnard, Mr. Edward Eichholzer, Mr. Chester Lyall, Mr. Hugo Miller, Mrs. Moselle Sallor, Mr. Henry Lamond.

IN TRANSIT

Those aboard the American ship in transit are:-

Mrs. Erenia Bejec, Mrs. Lillian Bergquist and daughter, Mrs. Florence Ricknell, Mr. Peter Brock, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cotton and son, Lt. Commdr. and Mrs. Lester Dyckman, U.S.N., Mrs. Laurel Eldredge and daughter.

Mr. George Ellis, Mr. Joe Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Gram, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Geyer, and daughter, Mrs. Leonora Greenberg, Mr. Floyd Hill, Mrs. Mavis Housley, Mrs. Elna Kay and two children, Mr. Paul King.

Mrs. Hazel Kirkman and son, Mr. and Mrs. John Laurence and infant, Mrs. Mary Louise Lynch, and daughter, Mrs. Frances Martin and daughter, Mr. Magnus Olavsen, Mrs. Marie Probstfeld, Mrs. Anna Ratliff, Mr. Julius Ronay.

Mrs. Olive Schroeder and two children, Mr. Robert Soper, Mrs. Kathleen Spinney, Mr. and Mrs. Johannes Steur, Mrs. Margaret Swan, Mrs. Maartita Switzer, Mr. M. L. Romer, Mr. Edouard Van Der Zee, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Young.

ARRIVALS

Eight passengers arrived on a J.C.J.L. liner from the South:-

Mr. P. Angchandrapany, Mr. J. A. Urguiza, Mr. E. F. Clemens, Mr. Robert E. Harper, Mr. Eduardo S. K. Kim, Mr. Leon H. McCauley, Sister Bernard Mancel, Sister Bernadette Remison.

IN TRANSIT

Passing through on the J.C.J.L. liner for the North are:-

Mr. N. Hirao, Mr. and Mrs. Liem Boen Touw, Mr. Earl P. Otto, Mr. A. A. Van Der Poel, Mr. C. P. F. Roesholm, Capt. and Mrs. Rousseau and son, Mr. H. Solmsen, Mr. and Mrs. Thilo Thian Tjong, Major and Mrs. R. Wiltamuth, Mr. R. D. Wiltamuth.

Australia being more direct, more rapid, and with the added advantage of more services per month than the new American link. However, mail will be carried for philatelists who are prepared to endorse their letters via Pan American and pay the considerably heavier mail charges.

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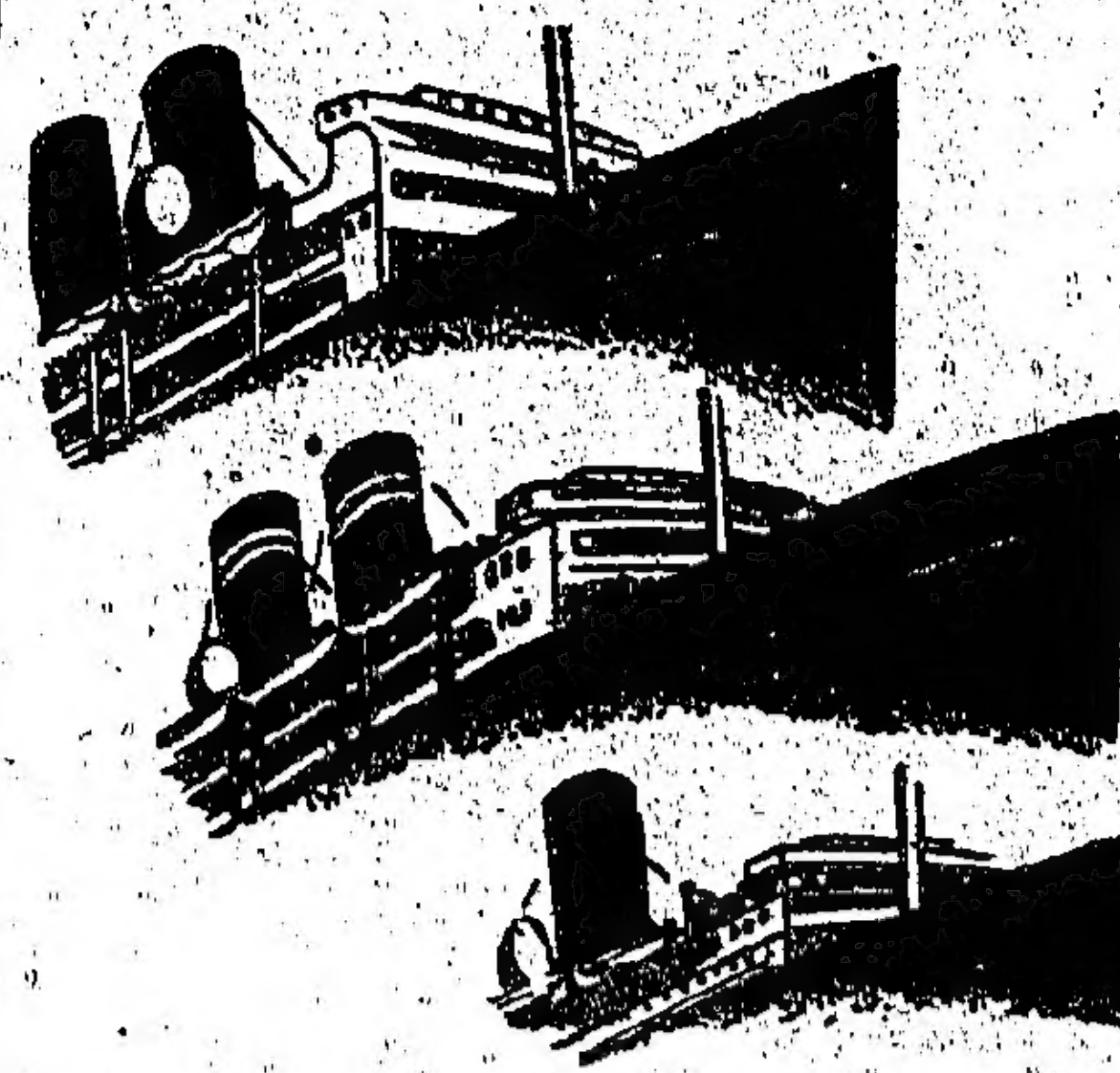
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Passengers are requested to register their requirements but under present circumstances sailings are performed restricted.

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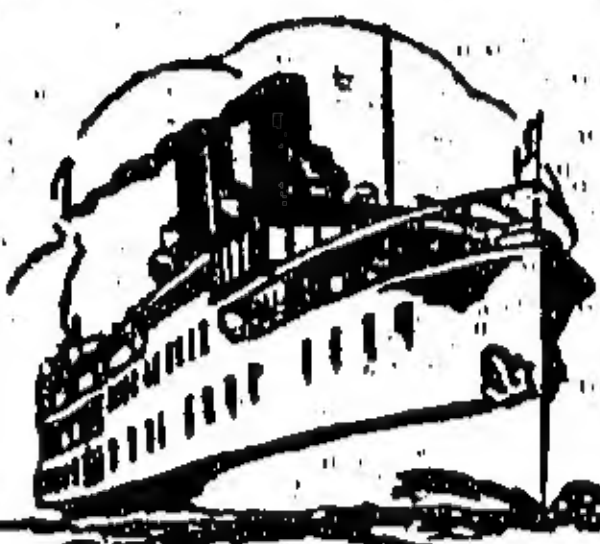
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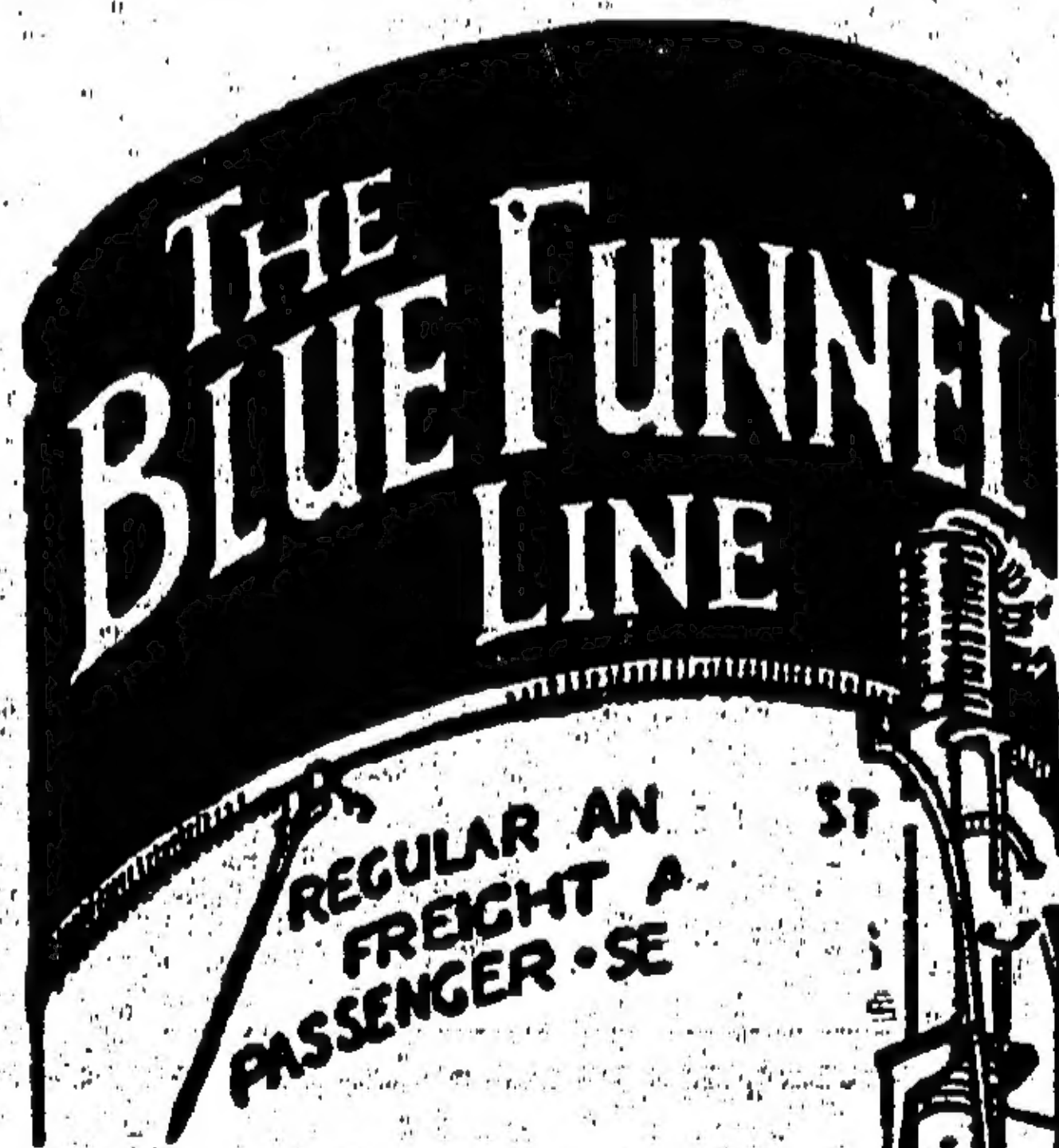
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"CERTAINLY UP AGAINST IT"

Continued from Page 1

Mr. Boyd said that he did not think it would affect the British blockade very much although it would be more difficult seeing that the British Fleet will have to prevent goods from entering French ports and patrol a coast-line of 6,000 miles from Northern Norway to Southern Spain.

Germany would not get any food from France because France had always been just self-supporting though she may get some iron ore from Lorraine, but once her supplies of petrol ran out she would find it very difficult to obtain any in France.

"What about the strategic consequences of the collapse of France?" asked Mr. Weymouth.

"They are serious enough for ourselves," replied Mr. Boyd. "The occupation of France completes a semi-circle around us and she can attack us from many points of the compass."

"We present a half-enclosed target whilst Germany presents a more distant target because she is so scattered. She can thus harass us from many bases. The loss of France must affect the Mediterranean to our disadvantage. A great deal will depend on whether Colonial France and the French Fleet will follow the lead given them by General de Gaulle. Although they can conquer countries by tanks, they cannot govern countries by tanks."

The Poles had shown a genius for every form of sabotage and that was why the conqueror found it so difficult to administer his rule in Poland.

This would bring about a weakening of the German war machine.

POSITION OF HOLLAND

Referring to the position of Holland, Belgium, Denmark and Norway, Mr. Boyd said that the Germans were not, at the present, finding any difficulty in governing them. In Belgium, however, there was a likelihood of a very bad economic problem. In Holland the economic situation was not so bad but it was bad enough. As far as Denmark was concerned, that country was dependent on England for fodder and half her live stock had already been slaughtered. The same conditions prevailed in Southern Norway.

This shows that the German war machine destroys without producing anything to relieve the hardships of the people they have conquered.

Speaking of the significance of the landings on the French coast, Mr. Boyd said that we always had a special gift for amphibian operations. Germany had wide lines of communications now and she was in a position to be harried from the air and by sea by landing parties and they would have to be constantly on the alert.

ITALY'S ENTRY

Asked whether he thought the entry of Italy had contributed to the French surrender, Mr. Boyd said that he did not think so. They might compare it with the intervention by Russia last year in Poland. Even if the Soviet had stayed out of the war Poland would have been defeated all the same.

It was difficult to say, at present, what effect Italy's entry into the war would have. If Colonial France and the French Fleet decide to fight it out Italy's position in the Mediterranean would not be an easy one. Even if they don't Italy would have a difficult time, because Britain had a part of their own Fleet in the Mediterranean.

Commenting on the attitude of some American, that civilisation in Europe was finished, Mr. Boyd said it certainly looked like a defeatist attitude to take. As far as Britain was concerned, however, the fight had only just begun. Germany had suffered losses and had been fearfully bombed.

"We feel now that the 'phony war' is over and the real war which the British Empire faces against Hitler has just begun."

Mr. Boyd concluded by saying that everybody appreciated that they were in incredible danger but any war was better than a German peace and it was when the situation looked most dangerous that we were at our best.

NO JOY IN FRANCE

BORDEAUX, June 27 (Reuter).—Although for the people of France the war is over, there are no signs of joy or relief. The nation is in mourning and the people are praying for France in all churches.



Mr. Charles Alexander Allen, of the editorial staff of the South China Morning Post, and his bride, formerly Miss Aurea Theresa d'Assis, after their marriage at St. Margaret's Church yesterday. (Photonews). Report of wedding appears on Page 2.

SO FAR FROM WAITING FOR

ENEMY TO ATTACK, BRITAIN IS

"READY AND ABLE TO STRIKE ANY TIME"

Offensive Spirit Is Just What People Want

LONDON, June 27 (Reuter).—The Times, commenting on the raid over enemy coastlines says that "the point is that this incident shows an offensive spirit which is exactly what the public wants. It shows that we neither need nor desire merely to await attack, but are ready and able to strike at enemy-occupied territory whenever the opportunity offers, or can be made."

"Seapower," says The Times, is not the valueless instrument which the enemy asserts. "No extravagant claims are made in the communiqué and none should be made elsewhere, but at least this operation could not have been devised or carried out by a nation suffering in any sense, moral, or material inferiority."

In a leader "France Despoiled," The Times considers Italy's completion of the spoliation and remarks acidly that "according to the first clause of the Franco-Italian armistice agreement, the Italians are to stand on their advanced lines in all theatres of operations." They have done little else since their war began.

"Seldom indeed in history can a conqueror have won so large a prize so cheaply and so meanly."

PREPARED TO SACRIFICE
Of France's colonial possession, "it is true that these territories have not been demanded in the terms of the armistice, but the de-militarisation of their strong points means either she is prepared to lose them later, or that she is confident that the British victory will see her reinstated there."

"Whilst the fate of the British people is still uncertain, The Times concludes, 'It can hardly be believed that the French merchant marine will obey the orders of the German and Italian Governments and make the surrender which the Norwegians and Belgians refuse to contemplate.'"

BRASS KNUCKLES
The News-Chronicle, commenting on the raids on enemy territory, states, "We must fight now with brass knuckles."

The Daily Express recalls, in connection with our landing, the story of Leonidas at Thermopylae, when, with the Persian hordes approaching, his soldiers said "the enemy are getting near us," and he replied "and we are getting near the enemy."

AIR WAR ON
More rigorously than any other form of fighting, air warfare is a conflict of peoples, says the Daily Telegraph.

Victory can only be won by morale, endurance, energy and will power. The experiences of many long, dangerous, struggles, and most recently of the breaking point of the Germany of 1918, assure us that the British will not fail.

No-one should think of the air war as a series of raids on Britain. Our Air Force day by day and night by night takes the offensive.

Japanese Gendarmes In British Concession

BASIC TIENTSIN AGREEMENT

TIENTSIN, June 27 (Reuter).—According to the basic terms of the Tientsin agreement, signed in Tokyo, about ten Japanese gendarmes will be stationed in the British Concession and accommodated in the residence of the Japanese Consul-General, Victoria Road. Reuter learns from authoritative quarters.

At the same time Major Ohta, head of the Japanese Gendarmes in Tientsin, is being appointed Liaison Officer, with an office placed at his disposal at police headquarters of the British Municipal Council.

MAINTAIN CONTACT

Major Ohta's duty will be to maintain contact between the British and Japanese police authorities, while the purpose of the gendarmes being assigned to the British area is only for a body of men to be available at a moment's notice should police of the British Municipal Council desire to conduct raids of suspected terrorists in the presence of Japanese officers.

As was previously the case, the Japanese police are not authorised to conduct raids in the British area independently of the British authorities and would merely act as observers.

A similar arrangement is being brought into effect in the French Concession.

FOREIGN MAILS

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, 28th JUNE, 1940, 8.30 A.M.

GENERAL HOLIDAY

On Monday, the 1st July, the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to noon, Sheungwan Branch Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. and the other Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed.

There will be one collection from the pillar boxes as on Sundays, one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11.30 a.m. and one delivery of registered correspondence at 11 a.m.

There will also be one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11 a.m. from the Branch Post Offices at Stanley, Tai Po and Un Long.

The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

Air mail letters will be accepted for transmission to Europe by Pan-American Service to New York and onward thence by sea, at \$2.80 per half-ounce for the air transport, plus 15 cents per ounce to British possessions and 25 cents per ounce to foreign countries in respect of sea transport.

An experimental air service for Europe via United States of America and Trans-Atlantic Service has also been introduced, the charge being \$5 per half ounce for letters and postcards \$2.50 each. An approximate estimate of the time occupied in this transmission is twelve days from the date of departure of the Clipper from Hong Kong.

The postage rates via the revised Imperial Airways Service are unchanged.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

INWARD MAILS

From	Due
Japan and Shanghai	28th June
Haiphong	28th June
Japan	28th June
Bangkok	28th June
Shanghai	28th June
Japan and Shanghai	28th June
Shanghai	28th June
Shanghai and Amoy	28th June
London and Straits	28th June
Japan and Manila	28th June
Shanghai	28th June
Japan	28th June
U. S. A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai — (San Francisco date, 8th June)	28th June
Canton	28th June
Haiphong	28th June
Sandakan	28th June
London and Straits	28th June
Palembang	28th June
London, Straits and Manila	28th June
Shanghai and Amoy	28th June
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service"	1st July
Straits	1st July
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 25th June	2nd July
Shanghai	2nd July
Haiphong and Hobei	2nd July
Air Mail by "Air France Airways Service"	2nd July
Shanghai	3rd July
U. S. A. and Manila—(San Francisco date 11th June)	3rd July
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service"	4th July
Canton	4th July
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai — (Vancouver B.C. 15th June)	4th July
Shanghai	4th July
Manila	4th July
Shanghai and Amoy	4th July
Sandakan	4th July
Shanghai	4th July
Java and Manila	4th July
U. S. A., Honolulu and Japan—(San Francisco date, 19th June)	4th July
Shanghai	4th July

OUTWARD MAILS

Registered and Parcel Mail are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. Registered and Parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

For	Date and Time
FRIDAY	
Amoy	Reg. 10.00 AM G.P.O. & K.P.O. Par. 5.00 PM Reg. 28th 9.45 AM Ord. 28th 10.30 AM
U. S. A., Central and South America, Canada and Europe via San Francisco (No Parcels for Canada)	12.30 PM
Shanghai	1.00 PM
Swatow and Parrels only for Tientsin	1.20 PM
Shanghai	1.30 PM
	K.P.O.
Straits, Ceylon, India, South Africa and United Kingdom	Reg. 2.45 PM Ord. 3.30 PM
Fort Bayard	Reg. 3.00 PM Ord. 3.30 PM
	K.P.O.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island	Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM
	G.P.O.
	SATURDAY
Shanghai (Parcels only)	Reg. 8.00 AM Parcels 10.30 AM Ord. 11.30 AM
Calcutta	1.20 PM
Formosa, Shanghai and Japan	1.20 PM
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mombasa, Batavia, Lourenco Marques, East and South Africa	1.20 PM
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Service" to Durban and thence by Sea Service to United Kingdom	G.P.O. & K.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM
Manila	5.30 PM
	SUNDAY
Canton	Reg. 7.15 AM
	MONDAY
Straits	Reg. 8.00 AM
Haiphong	8.00 AM
Canton	8.00 AM

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